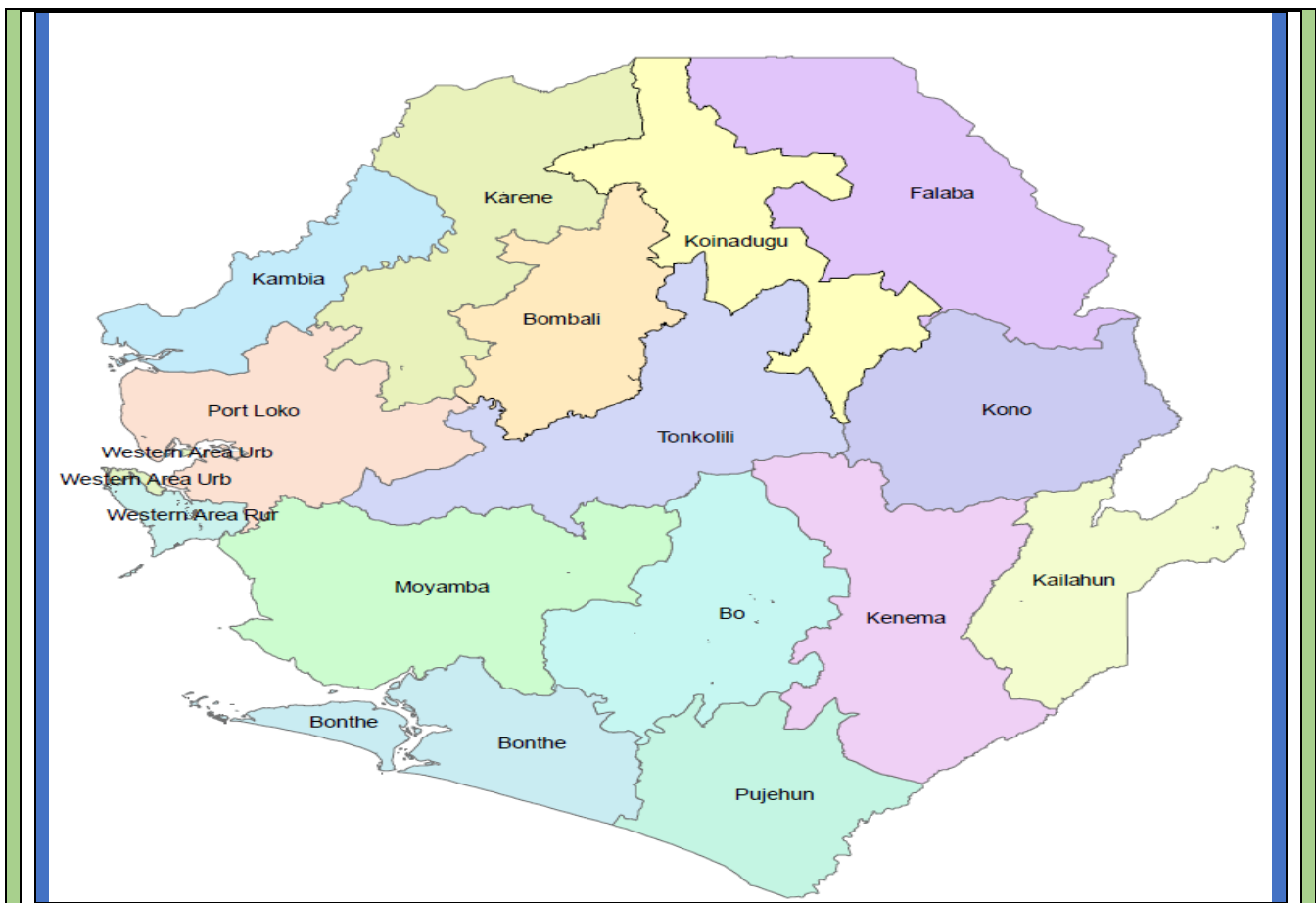# THE PARLIAMENTARY BUDGET OFFICE

Sierra Leone District Development Fact Sheets

Foreword

I am delighted to present to you the Sierra Leone District Development Fact Sheets containing relevant data which relate to selected thematic sectors in Sierra Leone. This publication aims at equipping the information base of Members of Parliament and reinforce their awareness of the progress made in key areas of governance in the country, with a view to enable them devise strategic plans for constituency and national development and ensure that they have more oversight and influence in the national policy making process.
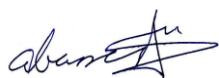
The information contained in these fact sheets sets out statistical data at district and regional levels on demographics, distribution of population by chiefdom, population by constituency, education and literacy, economic characteristics, poverty, access to basic education by households, health, electoral statistics, food security, law and order and agriculture.

With this publication, the Parliamentary Budget Office (PBO) which has been recently established to provide Parliament with timely, objective and independent analysis on the budget and the economy, imprints itself as a unit ready to help improve the capacity of MPs. This also creates a good basis as Parliament moves from its present status of being perceived as a mere rubber stamp institution to becoming a vibrant one, where decision making is based on evidence and reliable data.

It is important to underscore that improving the capacity of MPs through access to and availability of informed statistical data is essential in strengthening the role of Parliament as a Legislature. Reforms of this nature do sometimes have far reaching implications and challenges in terms of funding from the Executive. However, I appeal to all stakeholders to be fully committed to provide the necessary support and leadership to ensure that the overall objective of this transformation is achieved.

I would therefore like to thank all those involved in preparation of these District Fact Sheets especially the UNDP for leading this initiative, the Government of Sierra Leone, the Leadership and staff of Parliament whose continuous effort in promoting the working of this institution cannot go unrecognized.

I look forward to seeing more useful products such as this from the PBO.

Rt. Hon. Dr. Abass C. Bundu
Speaker of Parliament

Statement from the UNDP Resident Representative

Parliaments play an important role in the management of a country's public resources by way of its indispensable function of executing oversight over the national budget process. This explains why it remains to be the institution of the people's representatives who make informed policy decisions regarding matters of national development. To ensure that Parliament is well-grounded on the diverse issues relating to the welfare of their constituents, the availability of timely, thorough and quality information becomes fundamental to its work.

In many countries today, the legislative relies on several institutions to provide them with information which equips them to hold the executive arm of government accountable, promote transparency, and uphold the laws which have been created to protect the rights and civil liberties of citizens. Government ministries, departments and agencies (MDAs), donor agencies, civil society organizations, academic think tanks, to name but few, all contribute towards this process.

The Parliamentary Budget Office (PBO) which has been recently established with support from the UNDP in 2017, now has the task to help build the information base of Parliament, with specific reference to issues about the national budget and public finances. It is against this backdrop that the PBO has produced this first ever, District fact sheet, which contain relevant information of indicators across selected thematic sectors in Sierra Leone. These indicators mirror some of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), and they provide knowledge of the progress status of the country's development.

With the information contained herein, it is anticipated that this document will help Members of Parliament to raise the quality of debate in the House, and use this information to understand the sector challenges, contribute to developing solutions and exercise more influence in the budget process. Furthermore, this knowledge will enhance the quality of oversight work of Parliament of the government programmes implemented by the executive. Going forward, the UNDP will look at other key areas for the PBO as well as the Research Department to improve the focus on development issues and for integration of SDGs in the work of Parliament. I wish to also thank the work done by my team at Parliament especially, Lakshmi Pillai, Chief Technical Specialist, Dr. Moses Muse Sichei, Senior Economist at UNDP, Alhaji Komeh, Parliament economist recruited by UNDP for Parliament for his dedication and the Strategic Policy Unit for the support provided in preparing this document.

As the first initiative of the PBO, this document should further help MPs and other readers compare differences among districts and regions and make logical inferences which will inform collective national policy decisions. In future, based on the demand for more information and the availability of resources, the UNDP will support the PBO in producing development fact sheets at constituency level.

Samuel Doe
UNDP Resident Representative

Acknowledgements

This District Fact Sheet are a product of the Parliamentary Budget Office (PBO) at the Parliament of Sierra Leone. However, it must be noted that the data captured in this publication have been sourced from various institutions. As UNDP, we are, therefore, highly appreciative of the efforts of the individuals and institutions that provided their priceless support towards the development of these Fact Sheets.

Firstly, I express my deepest thanks to Rt. Hon. Dr. Abass Bundu, the Speaker of Parliament, for his direction and leadership throughout this exercise. Similar thanks are also extended to Hon. Umaru Paran Tarawally, the Clerk of Parliament, for his continued guidance during the preparation of this document.

We are similarly thankful to Finda Fraser, Director of Department for Parliamentary Assistance Coordination (DePAC), Hon. Ibrahim Sesay, the Former Clerk of Parliament, and Joseph Conteh, Manager, IT Department, for their immense support in preparing this document.

I express my sincere appreciation to the following institutions that provided factual information given in this document, namely, Statistics Sierra Leone (Stats SL), the National Electoral Commission, Ministry of Health and Sanitation, MAFFS, FAO, WFP, Justice Sector Coordination Office, the Bank of Sierra Leone, Sierra Leone Postal Services and the Office of the Master and Registrar of the Court of Sierra Leone.

I wish to record my sincere thanks to Lakshmi Pillai, the UNDP Chief Technical Specialist for Parliament for conceptualizing and pushing the idea of developing the District fact sheet for Sierra Leone with a vision to bring together development related data in a single document for use of Members of Parliament in their parliamentary work. She has played a lead role in ensuring that these District Fact Sheets are produced and therefore, I express my heartfelt appreciation to her for inspiring us to undertake this ground breaking work. I would also like to thank Dr. Moses Sichei, UNDP Economic Advisor to Sierra Leone. His strategic and expert guidance on the choice of data, methodology, and computations of the indicators, was key to design of this document in line with the information needs of the Members of Parliament. Similar thanks go to Milton Korseh-Hindowa, National Economist and Fodie Sheriff from the Strategic Policy Unit at the UNDP Country Office for their useful insights and critical skills in designing the document.

Most importantly, I am grateful to the UNDP Resident Representative, Samuel Doe, for his leadership and vision in promoting the cause of development and good governance in Sierra Leone, through the delivery of projects, particularly the Support to Parliament project.

Lastly, I wish to thank my team for providing all the necessary back up support to collate the information given in this document.

Alhaji Komeh
Economist, Parliament Budget Office

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Acronyms

BKPS	Bo-Kenema Power Service
BSL	Bank of Sierra Leone
CFSVA	Comprehensive Food Security and Vulnerability Assessment
DePAC	Director of Department for Parliamentary Assistance Coordination
FAO	Food and Agricultural Organisation
FCS	Food Consumption Score
GER	Gross Enrollment Rate
GoSL	Government of Sierra Leone
HHs	Households
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
HSP	Highway Safety Plan
MAFFS	Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food Security
MDAs	Ministries, Department and Agencies
MHS	Ministry of Health and Sanitation
MPs	Members of Parliament
NPA	National Power Authority
PBO	Parliamentary Budget Office
PHC	Population and Housing Census
PHUs	Peripheral Health Units
PREM	Poverty Reduction and Economic Management
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals
Stats SL	Statistics Sierra Leone
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
WFP	World Food Programme

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY

1.1 Introduction

These district fact sheets have been produced as the first major output of the Parliamentary Budget Office and it aims to provide an overview of key development indicators across selected thematic development subjects in Sierra Leone. This is against the backdrop that the availability of dependable and quality information, and evidence are both central in reinforcing the work of Parliament in its work of providing representation of its constituents, scrutiny and oversight of the executive. The growing need for Members of Parliament (MPs) to be well informed about issues relating to the budget and the country's development, and their exceptional role in relating the concerns of the people and the government requires a consistent approach in information gathering and use to inform policy decisions.

Therefore, these district fact sheets will highlight the status of the performance of selected development indicators in Sierra Leone, which relate to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), agreed to in 2015 by the 193 UN member countries. It is important to note that these 17 SDGs constitute hundreds of targets and indicators which must be monitored and tracked while countries implement their national development plans.

So far, the Ministry of Planning has taken the lead in producing a Simplified Version of the 2030 Agenda and SDGs, sensitized the public on the new goals, undertaken national debates on SDG issues, and importantly so, they have also drafted the Sierra Leone specific SDG indicators with baselines and targets. What this means is that the need for robust implementation of government programmes and the continuous monitoring of development indicators will be critical to the actualization of the country's development targets and the SDGs.

Being one of the three fundamental arms of government, the legislature should be able to access and make use of relevant data which will contribute towards strengthening the quality of debates in Parliament and ensuring that political deliberations are guided by statistical evidence. These district fact sheets will therefore provide statistical information which will help MPs better exercise their role in holding the executive accountable, and in making informed decisions when scrutinizing the national budget and monitoring activities implemented by the government. Furthermore, the data contained herein shows evidence regarding which government programmes have been effective in delivering favourable outcomes from the investment of public resources.

The report shows information for the sixteen districts in all the five regions in Sierra Leone, namely, Eastern, North Western, Northern, Southern, and Western Area. This will ensure that readers are able to compare values of indicators for both regions and districts and assess how much progress has been made in the respective sectors.

The segments for which information have been shown in these district fact sheets include demographics, electoral statistics, education, economy, poverty, housing conditions, health, food security, law and order and agriculture. Clearly, this document will serve as a set reference, lone exhaustive and unique information source for MPs to know their district in terms of data.

It is important to note that the Parliamentary Budget Office (PBO) started operations in the Parliament of Sierra Leone in December 2017, following understudy visits made by (MPs) to the Parliaments of Uganda and Ghana, with the support of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). The office has been established to provide independent, objective and non-partisan analysis on the country's budget, public finances and the economy, with a view to strengthening Parliament's influence and oversight on the national budget process.

Going forward, it will particularly strive to engage in rigorous budget and macroeconomic analysis and research and provide Parliament with timely and quality

information which is needed to aid its operations. While the existence of the PBO is yet to be provided for by legislation, it is anticipated that an amendment to the Parliamentary Service Commission Act will bring the PBO into legal existence to enable it to do its work more effectively.

1.2 Methodology

The preparation of these district fact sheets involved data collection, computation and analysis from a broad range of secondary sources including official reports, surveys, websites and administrative data of both government, and non-government institutions in Sierra Leone. More specifically, the information captured in these factsheets were taken from the following sources:

i. Sierra Leone 2015 Population and Housing Census National Analytical Report, its selected thematic reports and the reanalyzed population figures based on the new administrative divisions, all from Statistics Sierra Leone;

ii. National Electoral Commission of Sierra Leone 2017 Ward Boundary Delimitation Report;

iii. 2013 Poverty Profile for Sierra Leone, jointly published by the World Bank Poverty Reduction and Economic Management Unit, Africa Region, and Statistics Sierra Leone;

iv. Annual Health Sector Performance Report 2016, Ministry of Health and Sanitation;

v. State of Food Security in Sierra Leone 2015, Comprehensive Food Security and Vulnerability Analysis (CFSVA), published by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food Security (MAAFS), the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), and the World Food Pogramme (WFP); and

vi. Administrative data from the Bank of Sierra Leone, Sierra Leone Postal Services, the Office of the Master and Registrar of the Court of Sierra Leone and the Justice Sector Coordination Office.

The data in these fact sheets are reported at both district and regional levels, to allow for wide comparison across different parts of the country. The statistics for the Eastern, Southern and Western Area regions and their districts have been captured as officially reported in the source documents.

For the North Western region, the statistics for Port Loko and Kambia districts are also shown based on the official reports of the source documents. All the data for Karene district are assumed to be the same for Bombali except for demographic information, electoral statistics, and Law and Order indicators. This is against the backdrop of the fact that most parts of the land area of Karene was taken from Bombali, and the performance of the selected indicators will be the same for the two districts.

Similarly, the statistics for Bombali, Koinadugu and Tonkolili districts in the Northern region are stated based on the official reports of the source documents. This is however different for Falaba whose indicators, except for demographic information, electoral statistics, and Law and Order, are assumed to be the same for Koinadugu, as it used to be part of the latter before the new boundary delimitation exercise.

1.2.1 Description of the Data and their Sources

Term	Description	Source of Data
Agricultural Households with Access to Assets and Machinery	Number of agricultural household heads that either own or have access to tractors, storage facilities, rice mills and power tillers expressed as a percentage of the total number of agricultural household heads. (PBO Calculations)	*SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Agriculture STATS SL*
Children under five years with full immunization status	Children who by the age of two years are made resistant to six vaccine-preventable diseases, namely Tuberculosis, Diptheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanaus, Polio, and Measles.	*SL 2015 PHC Summary of Final Results STATS SL*
Financial Institution	Organisation which collects funds from members of the public and other institutions and invests these funds into financial assets such as loans, securities, bonds, money market instruments, bank deposits and other income generating assets. For this fact sheet, data for financial institutions has been limited to commercial and community banks.	*BSL (Administrative Data)*
Food Insecurity	Exists when households lack physical, social	*The State of Food Security*

	and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food which meets their dietary needs and food preferences for an active and healthy life.	*in Sierra Leone 2015 CFSVA MAFFS, FAO, WFP*
Food Security	Food security exists when people, always have physical, social and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food which meets their dietary needs and food preferences for an active and healthy life. This is measured at household level and the concept is applied to the family.	*The State of Food Security in Sierra Leone 2015 CFSVA MAFFS, FAO, WFP*
Gini Coefficient	Index measuring inequality across the frequency distribution of household consumption. A Gini coefficient of zero indicates perfect equality, while a Gini coefficient of one indicates that all consumption within the distribution is by a single household. Therefore, higher Gini coefficients indicate more unequal distributions.	*A Poverty Profile for Sierra Leone The World Bank PREM Unit, Africa Region STATS SL*
Households with Acceptable Food Consumption	Proportion of households with a Food Consumption Score (FCS) above 35. The FCS is an indicator that measures a household's food intake over the seven-day period prior to being interviewed as part of the CFSVA survey.	*The State of Food Security in Sierra Leone 2015 CFSVA MAFFS, FAO, WFP*
Households with Access to Clean Fuel for Cooking	Number of households with access to electricity, gas and solar sources of fuel for cooking, expressed as a percentage of the total number of households. (PBO Calculations)	*SL 2015 PHC Summary of Final Results STATS SL*
Households with Access to Improved Drinking Water	Number of households with access to improved drinking water sources which include piped indoors, piped in compound, public tap, protected ordinary well and protected spring, expressed as a percentage of the total number of households. (PBO calculations)	*SL 2015 PHC Summary of Final Results STATS SL*
Junior Secondary School Gross Enrolment Rate	The junior secondary GER refers to the number of pupils enrolled at the junior secondary level, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the official junior secondary school age (12–15 years) population.	*SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Education and Literacy STATS SL*

Labour Force Participation Rate	The labour force participation rate is a measure of the proportion of a country's working-age population that engages actively in the labour market, either by working or looking for work. It provides an indication of the size of the supply of labour available to engage in the production of goods and services, relative to the population at working age.	*SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Education and Literacy STATS SL*
Life Expectancy at Birth	The average number of years that a new born baby is expected to live subject to the mortality risks prevailing for the cross-section of the population at the time of its birth, or if the mortality conditions of the year corresponding to the life table remain constant.	*SL 2015 PHC Census Thematic Report on Life Tables STATS SL*
Literacy Rate	Number of people with the ability to read, write and understand in any language, expressed as a percentage of its total population.	*SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Education and Literacy STATS SL*
Maternal Mortality	"The death of a woman while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy, irrespective of the duration and site of the pregnancy, from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its management but not from accidental or incidental causes". (WHO)	*HSP Report 2016 GoSL MHS*
Multidimensional Poverty Index	The MPI identifies multiple deprivations at the household and individual level in three dimensions: health, education and standard of living, which are all weighted with a one-third share each for its computation.	*MPI Report 2019*
Number of Judges	The number of judges, including those in the Supreme Court, Court of Appeal and the High Court of Sierra Leone.	*Office of the Master and Registrar, Court of Sierra Leone. (Administrative Data)*
Number of Magistrates	The number of magistrates, including Principal, Senior and Ordinary.	*Office of the Master and Registrar, Court of Sierra Leone. (Administrative Data)*
Number of Police Stations	The number of buildings which accommodate police officers and staff, vehicles, temporary	*Justice Sector Coordination Office*

	holding cells, and interrogation rooms/counters.	*Sierra Leone Police (Administrative Data)*
Paid Employment-t0-Population Ratio	This indicator measures the proportion of the working age population that is in paid employment. The paid employment–to-population ratio provides information on the ability of the economy to create paid jobs that conform to decent work conditions, including minimum wage for the lowest cadre.	*SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Economics Characteristics STATS SL*
Population Density	The number of population per unit of total land area and is usually reported in kilometers.	*SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Population Structure and Population Distribution Stats SL*
Population with post-Secondary Education	Percentage of the population 6 years and older who have attained vocational, technical, nursing, teacher, higher (first degree), tertiary (post-graduate) and PhD. (PBO calculations)	*SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Education and Literacy Statistics STATS SL*
Income Poverty	Percentage of the population below the national poverty line.	*A Poverty Profile for Sierra Leone The World Bank PREM Unit, Africa Region STATS SL*
Prevalence of Food Insecurity	Proportion of households that are both moderately food insecure and severely food insecure. *"Moderately food insecure have significant food consumption gaps, or marginally able to meet minimum food needs only with irreversible coping strategies".* *"Severely food insecure have extreme food consumption gaps or have extreme loss of livelihood assets which will lead to food consumption gaps".*	*The State of Food Security in Sierra Leone 2015 CFSVA MAFFS, FAO, WFP*
Prevalence of Food Security	Proportion of households that are both food secure and marginally food secure. *"Those who are food secure can meet essential food and non-food needs without engaging in irreversible coping strategies".* *"People who are marginally food secure have minimally adequate food consumption without*	*The State of Food Security in Sierra Leone 2015 CFSVA MAFFS, FAO, WFP*

	engaging in irreversible coping strategies; unable to afford some essential non-food expenditures".	
Prevalence of HIV in Adults receiving Counselling and Testing	The spread of HIV in people aged 15-49 who have access to HIV counselling and testing services.	*HSP Report 2016 GoSL MHS*
Prevalence of Malaria in Under-Fives using Microscopy	The occurrence of malaria in children under five years diagnosed using microscopes.	*HSP Report 2016 GoSL MHS*
Primary School Gross Enrollment Rate	The primary GER refers to the number of pupils enrolled at the primary level, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the official primary school age (6–11 years) population.	*SL PHC Thematic Report on Education and Literacy STATS SL*
Senior Secondary School Gross Enrollment Rate	The senior secondary GER refers to the number of pupils enrolled at the senior secondary level, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the official senior secondary school age (15–17 years) population.	*SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Education and Literacy STATS SL*
Under-Five Mortality	The under-five mortality rate is the probability (expressed as a rate per 1,000 live births) of a child born in a specified year dying before reaching the age of five if subject to current age-specific mortality rates.	*A Poverty Profile for Sierra Leone The World Bank PREM Unit, Africa Region STATS SL*

1.2.2 Demographic Information

The demographic information, including the distribution of population by chiefdom was sourced from the reanalyzed population figures, except for the population density; percentage of disables, which was taken from the SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Disability; and the population by constituencies taken from the Ward Boundary Delimitation Report published by the NEC.

1.2.3 Education and Literacy

Figures for the literacy rate, primary, junior and senior secondary schools, and post-secondary education were obtained from the SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Education and Literacy.

1.2.4 Economic Characteristics

Under this section, the major economic activities have been shown to give an indication of the predominant occupation (s) of the working population of each region and their districts, as highlighted in the SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Economic Characteristics. The paid employment-to-population ratio and the labour force participation rate have been sourced from the same report.

The main crops produced is according to the data captured in the SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Agriculture. Based on this report, the food and tree crops with the highest volumes of production have been reported in these fact sheets to mean main crops produced. The number of commercial and community banks, and the operational post offices were obtained from administrative data of the Bank of Sierra Leone, and the Sierra Leone Postal Services respectively.

1.2.5 Poverty

The income poverty and gini coefficient indicators were sourced from the 2013 Poverty Profile for Sierra Leone, while the multi-dimensional index was taken from the SL 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Poverty and Durables.

1.2.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

The indicators mentioned in this section were obtained from the 2015 PHC Summary of Final Results. The final values for each indicator reflect PBO calculations which have taken into account the number of individuals with access to the relevant services, expressed as a proportion of the total population.

1.2.7 Health

The maternal mortality, prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing, the prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy indicators were accessed from the 2016 Health Sector Performance Report published by the GoSL Ministry of Health and Sanitation. The same report provided information on the number of PHUs, hospitals, doctors, midwives, and community health workers and assistants. The life expectancy at birth, under-five mortality, and children under five years with full immunization indicators were obtained from the 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Life Tables, the 2013 Poverty Profile for Sierra Leone, and the 2015 PHC Summary of Final Results respectively.

1.2.8 Food Security

To show the status of food security in the country, data on the prevalence of food security and insecurity, and the households with acceptable food consumption are captured in these district

fact sheets from the State of Food Security in Sierra Leone 2015, Comprehensive Food Security and Vulnerability Analysis (CFSVA), published by the MAFFS, FAO and WFP.

1.2.9 Law and Order
This section contains information on the number of magistrates, judges and police stations. The data was provided by the Justice Sector Coordination Office and the Sierra Leone Police.

1.2.10 Agriculture
As for the data on Agriculture, the 2015 PHC Thematic Report on Agriculture was used to provide information on the volume of the different agricultural crops produced, and the proportion of agricultural households which have access to assets, machinery and equipment.

2.0 EASTERN REGION FACT SHEETS

2.0.1 Map of the Eastern Region

Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit
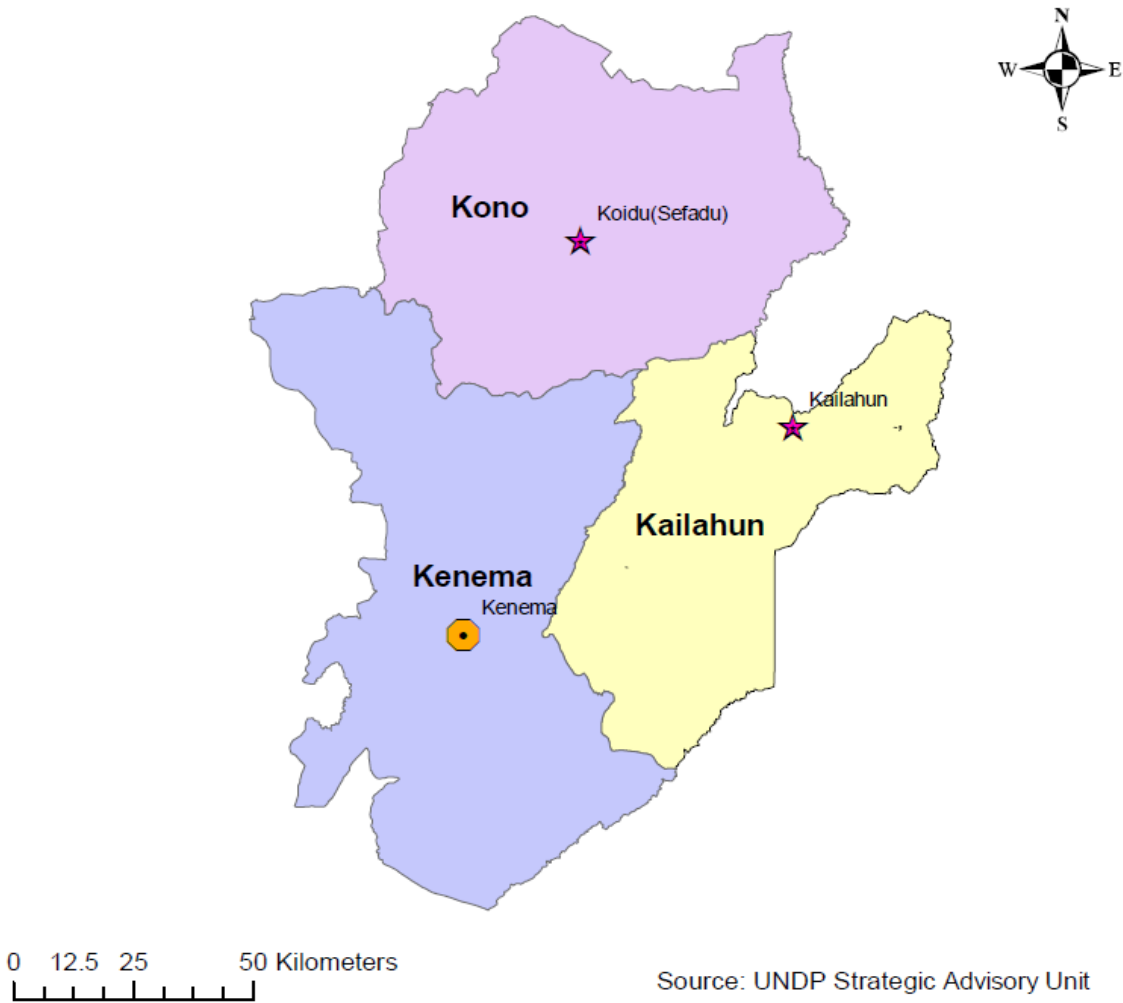
2.0.2 Demographic Information

Population	1,642,370
Population density (people per km²)	105.6
Contribution of region to national population (%)	23.2
Male Population (%)	49.6
Female population (%)	50.4
Youth population (%)	39.4
Disables (%)	1.6

Regional population by district

District	Population
KENEMA	609,891
KONO	506,100
KAILAHUN	526,379
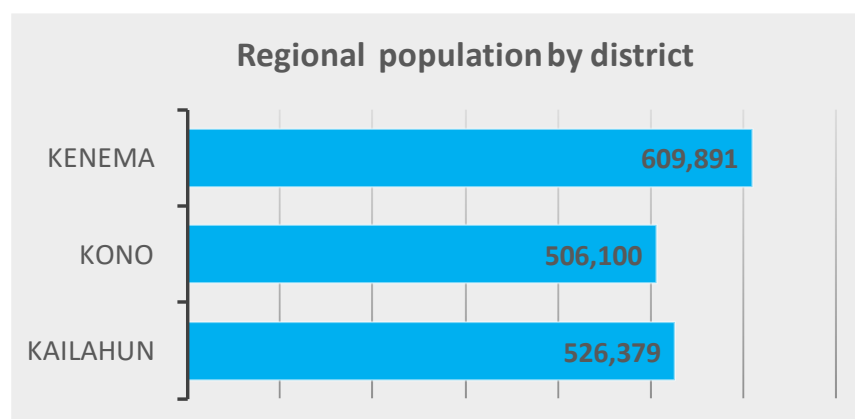
2.0.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	47.5
Primary school GER (%)	109.8
Junior secondary school GER (%)	112.3
Senior secondary school GER (%)	62.8
Population with post-secondary education (%)	2.4

2.0.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities:	mining, agriculture
Main crops produced:	rice, coffee, cocoa, oil palm oil
Paid employment-to-population ratio	5.9
Labour force participation rate	1.5
Financial Institutions:	13 commercial banks and 8 community banks
Operational post offices	4

2.0.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	61.3
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	67.6
Gini Coefficient	0.27

2.0.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.4
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	60.6
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	

NPA/BKPS	5.1
Generator	0.6
Solar	1.0
Battery/Rechargeable light	90.3

2.0.7 Health

Life Expectancy at Birth	44.3
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	364
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	200
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	2.3
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	40.1
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	54.4

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.7
Hospitals	0.02
Doctors	0.08
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.2
Midwives	0.2
Community Health Workers and Assitants	0.7
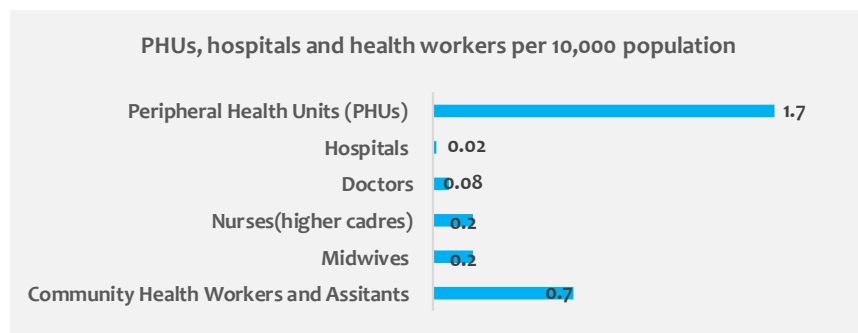
2.0.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	30
Number of wards	78
Registered voters	631,989
Share of country's registered voters	19.9
Number of female MPs	4
Number of female councilors	27

2.0.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	39.4
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	60.5
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	34.5

2.0.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	4
Number of judges	2
Number of police stations	15

2.0.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	36.9
Upland rice	104.4
Cassava	27.0
Sweet potato	4.6
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	61.0
Coffee	22.2
Oil Palm	36.4
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	2.9
Storage	54.7
Rice Mills	60.4
Power Tillers	5.0

2.1 KAILAHUN DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

2.1.1 Constituencies in Kailahun District
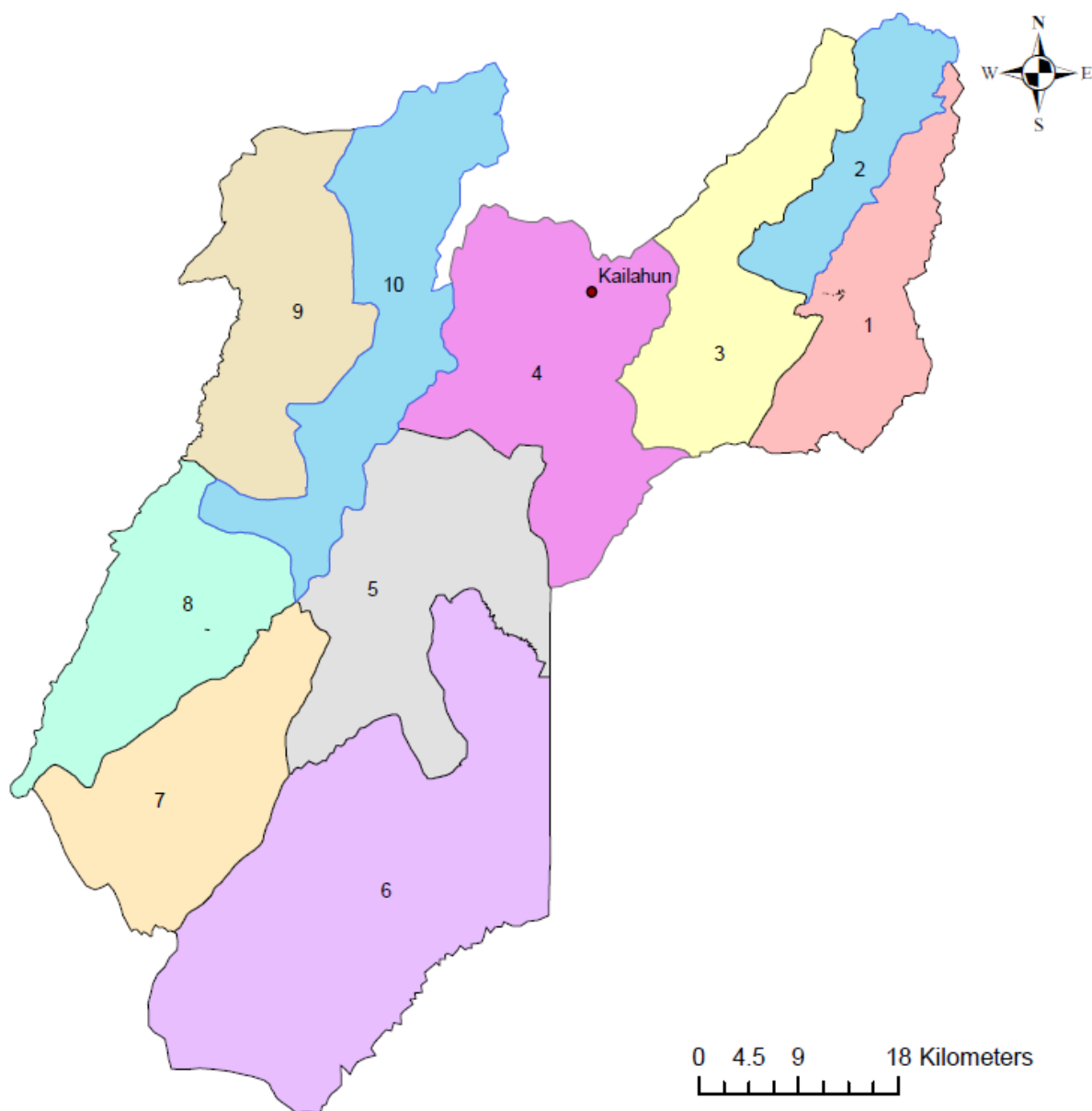
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

2.1.2 Demographic Information

Population	526,379
Population density (people per km²)	136.4
Contribution of district to national population (%)	7.4
Male Population (%)	49.5
Female population (%)	50.5
Youth population (%)	39.6
Disables (%)	1.8

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
YAWEI	5.6
UPPER BAMBARA	5.1
PENGUIA	5.0
NJALUAHUN	9.7
MANDU	5.9
MALEMA	7.0
LUAWA	15.4
KPEJE WEST	5.2
KPEJE BONGRE	4.8
KISSI TONGI	9.7
KISS TENG	8.6
KISSI KAMA	3.9
JAWIE	9.7
JAHN	1.9
DEA	2.5
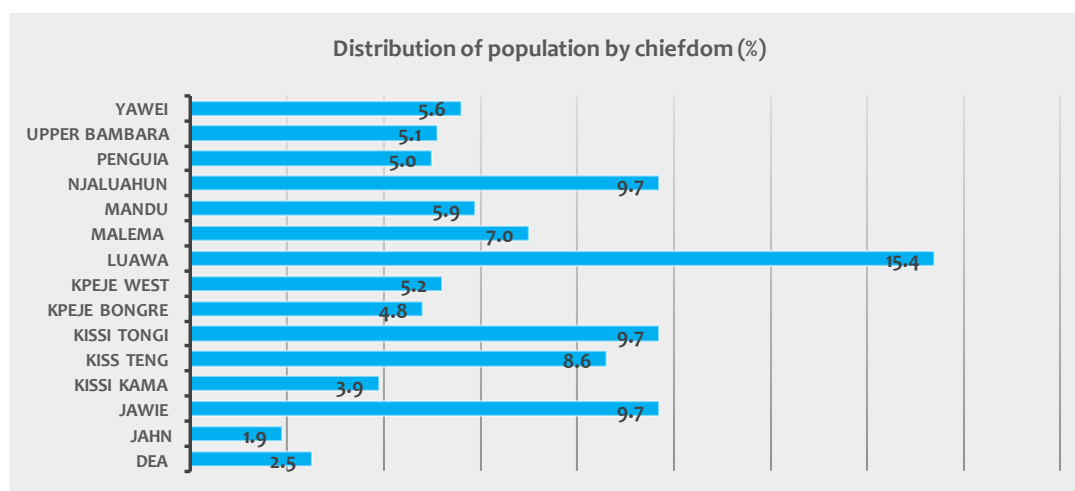
2.1.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	47.2
Primary School GER (%)	113.2
Junior secondary school GER (%)	137.2
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	42.3
Population with post-secondary education (%)	2.0

2.1.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture	
Main crops produced: rice, coffee, cocoa, oil palm oil	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	4.3
Labour force participation rate	0.65
Financial Institutions: 1 commercial bank and 3 community banks	
Operational post office	1

2.1.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	60.9
Multidimensional Poverty Index (%)	77.6
Gini Coefficient	0.25

2.1.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.2
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	54.4
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	0.04
Generator	0.4
Solar	1.3
Battery/Rechargeable light	95.9

2.1.7 Health

Health	
Life Expectancy at	37.9
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	229
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	186
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and	2.4
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	45.0
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	58.0

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Category	Value
Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.47
Hospitals	0.02
Doctors	0.07
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.1
Midwives	0.1
Community Health Officers and Assistants	0.7
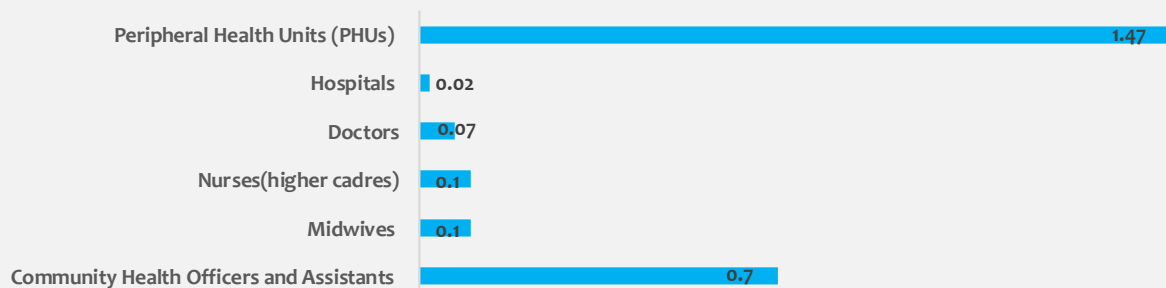
2.1.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	10
Number of wards	29
Registered voters	165,753
Share of country's registered voters	5.21
Number of female MPs	2
Number of female councilors	7

2.1.9 food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	29.4
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	70.5
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	24.0

2.1.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	4

2.1.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	13.6

Upland rice	35.1
Cassava	8.5
Sweet potato	1.5
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	32.6
Coffee	12.7
Oil Palm	18.7
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	3.7
Storage	59.3
Rice Mills	76.9
Power Tillers	5.5

2.1.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
001	50,950	**005**	57,832	**008**	61,216
002	45,149	**006**	50,509	**009**	56,866
003	43,143	**007**	50,951	**010**	51,441
004	58,322				

2.2 KENEMA DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

2.2.0 Constituencies in Kenema District Outside Kenema City
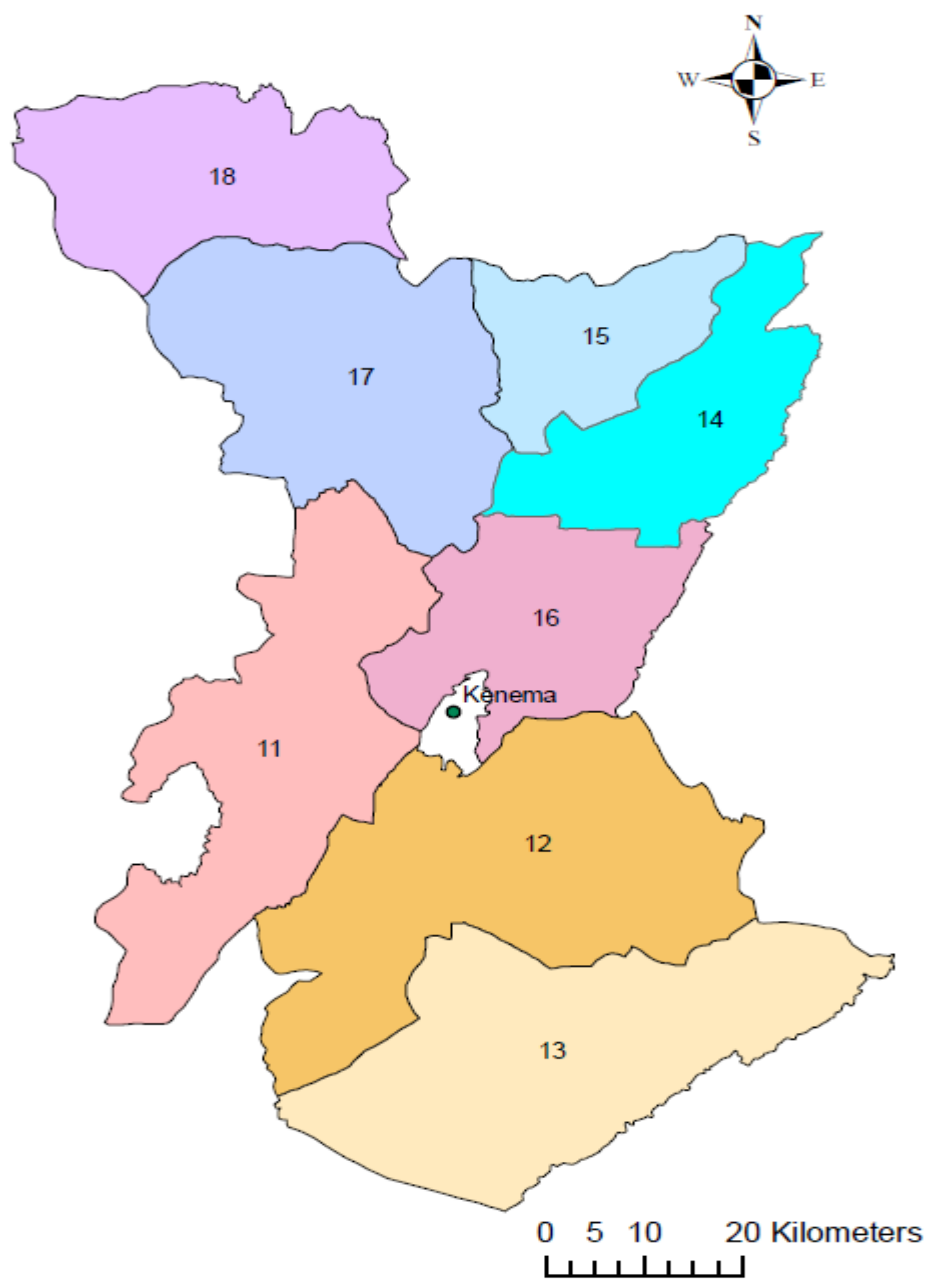
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

2.2.1 Constituencies in Kenema District Within Kenema City
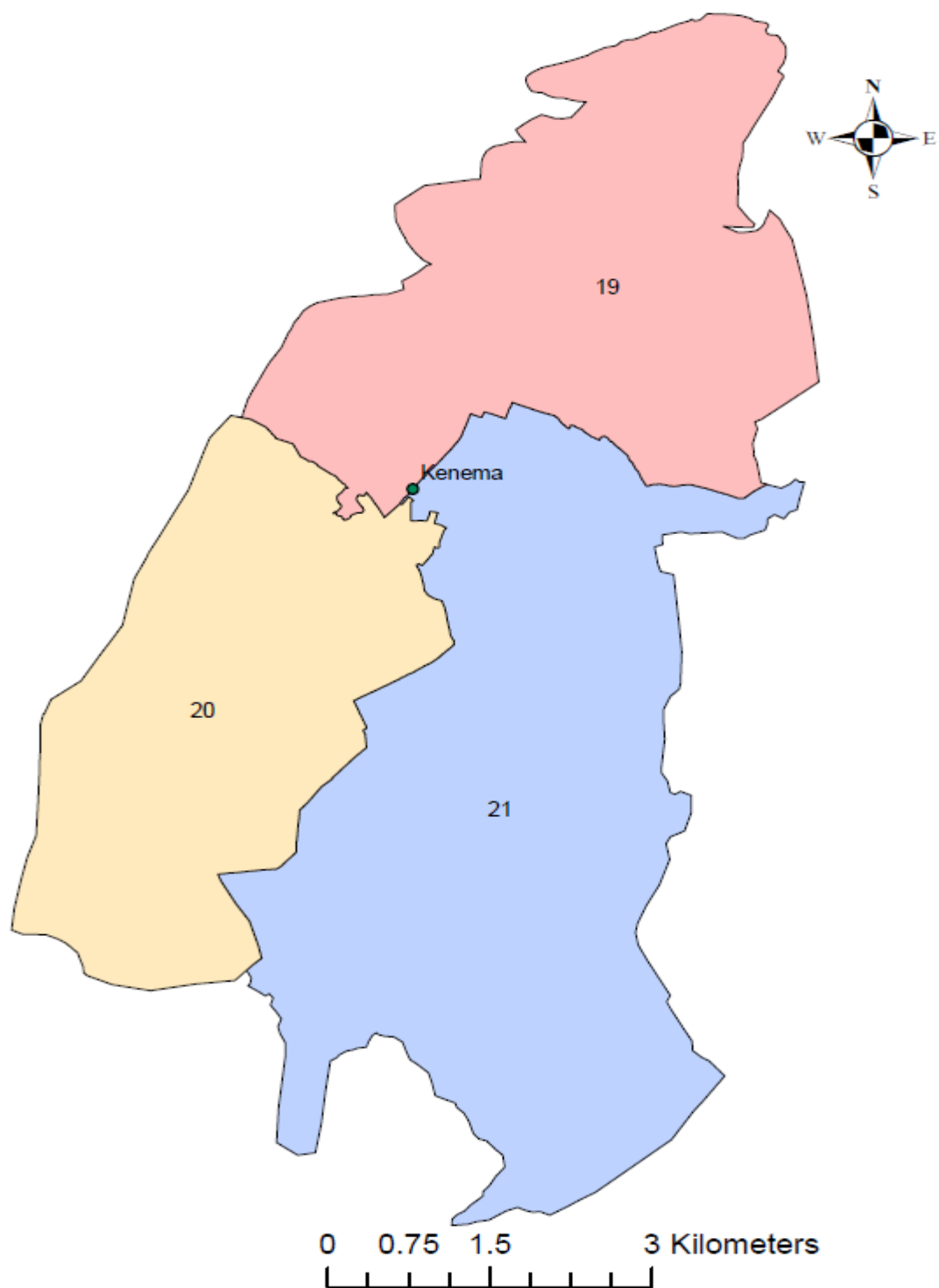
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

2.2.2 Demographic Information

Population	609,891
Population density (people per km²)	100.8
Contribution of district to national population (%)	8.6
Male Population (%)	49.4
Female population (%)	50.6
Youth population (%)	39.8
Disables (%)	1.5

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
TUNKIA	5.9
SMALL BO	4.8
SIMBARU	2.9
NONGOWA	7.5
NOMO	0.9
NIAWA	1.3
MALEGOHUN	3.4
LOWER BAMBARA	12.5
LANGRAMA	0.6
KENEMA CITY	32.9
KOYA	2.2
KANDU LEKPEAMA	3.0
GORAMA MENDE	7.1
GAURA	3.0
WANDOR	3.3
DODO	3.7
DAMA	5.0
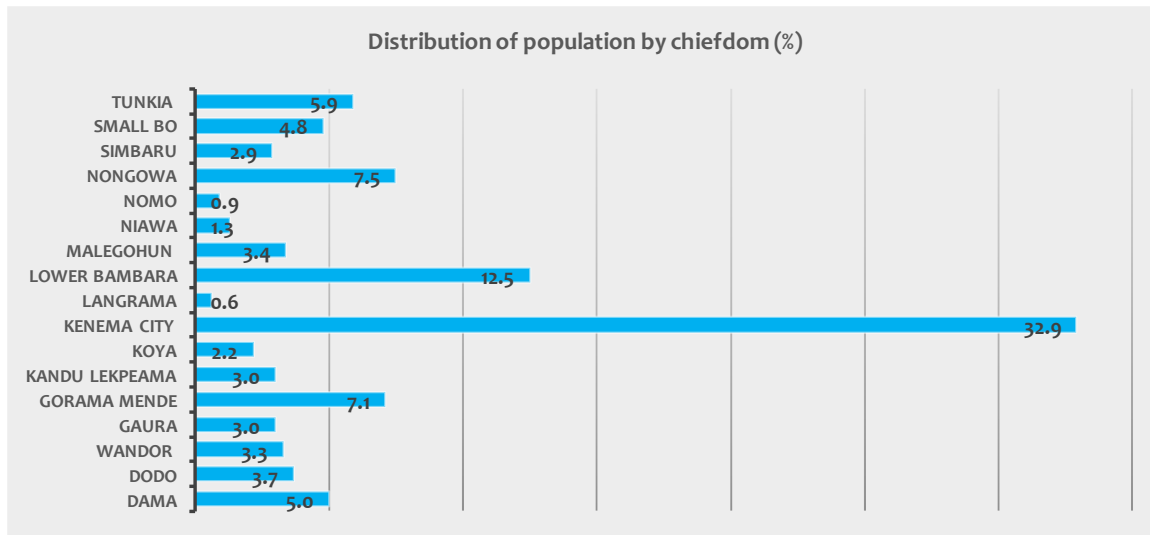
2.2.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	47.7
Primary School GER (%)	108.0
Junior secondary school GER (%)	107.2
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	49.1
Population with post-secondary education (%)	3.5

2.2.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture	
Main crops produced: rice, cassava, cocoa, oil palm oil	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	7.5
Labour force participation rate	0.65
Financial Institutions: 7 commercial banks and 2 community banks	
Operational post offices	2

2.2.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	61.6
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	62.4
Gini Coefficient	0.28

2.2.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.6
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	66.9
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	13.1
Generator	0.6
Solar	0.7
Battery/Rechargeable light	83.6

2.2.7 Health

Life Expectancy at Birth	44.2
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	262
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	224
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	1.7
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	37.7
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	53.0

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.93
Hospitals	0.03
Doctors	0.08
Nurses (higher cadres)	0.4
Midwives	0.3
Community Health Officers and Assistants	0.9
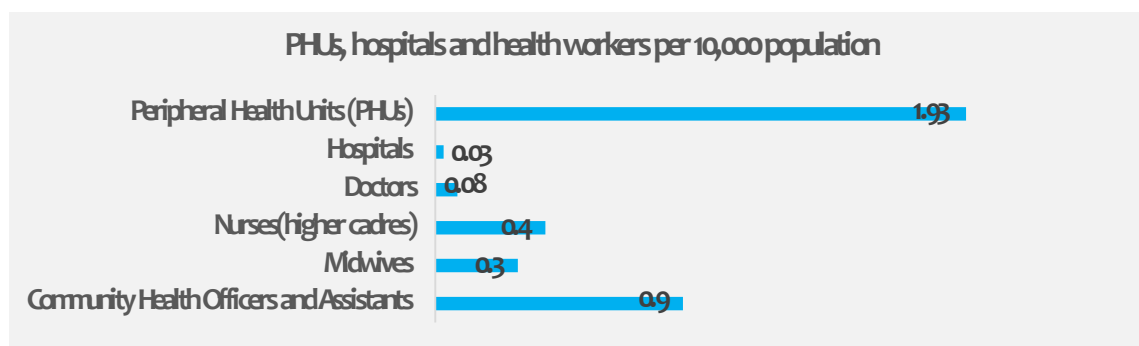
2.2.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	11
Number of wards	25
Registered voters	280,141
Share of country's registered voters	8.8
Number of female MPs	1
Number of female councilors	11

2.2.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	44.9
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	55.1
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	40.1

2.2.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	2
Number of judges	1
Number of police stations	3

2.2.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	12.3
Upland rice	45.7
Cassava	10.1
Sweet potato	1.2
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	16.5
Coffee	5.7
Oil Palm	10.2
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	3.0
Storage	57.6
Rice Mills	57.6
Power Tillers	6.4

2.2.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
011	59,126	**015**	42,367	**019**	67,008
012	63,049	**016**	45,562	**020**	66,754
013	40,946	**017**	60,581	**021**	66,681
014	54,458	**018**	47,351		

2.3 KONO DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

2.3.0 Constituencies in Kono District Outside the Koidu City
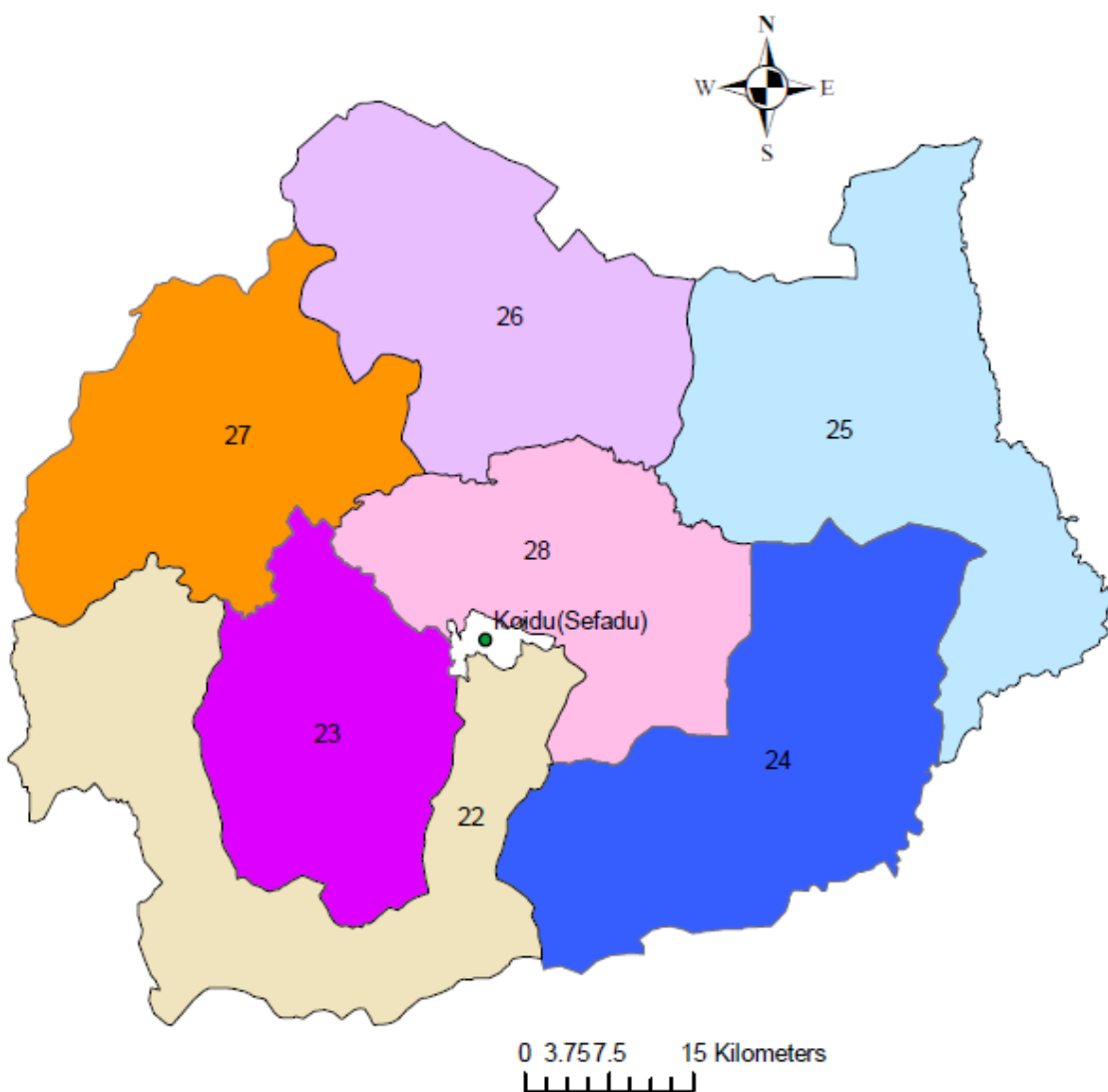
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

2.3.1 Constituencies in Kono District Within Koidu City
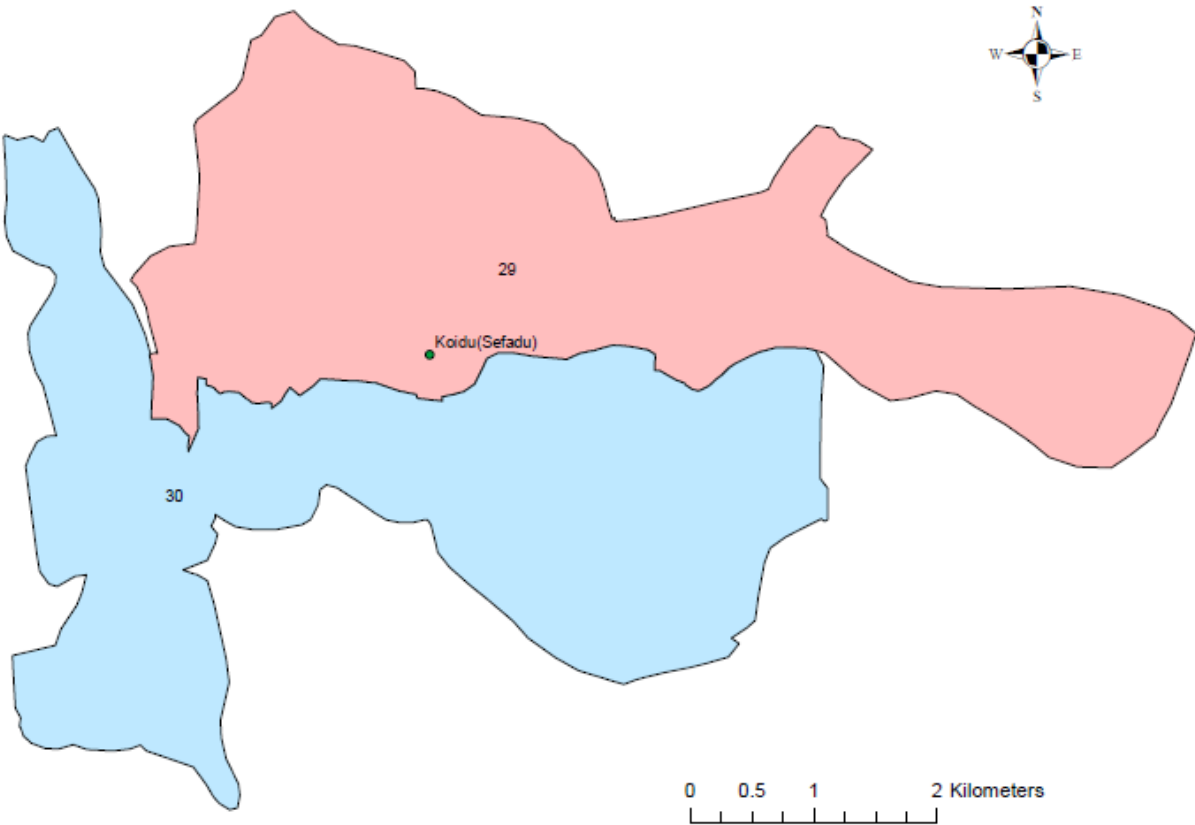
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

2.3.2 Demographic Information

Population	506,100
Population density (people per km²)	89.7
Contribution of district to national population (%)	7.1
Male Population (%)	49.9
Female population (%)	50.1
Youth population (%)	38.5
Disables (%)	1.34

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
Toli	1.0
	1.7
Soa	7.8
	17.8
Nimiyama	5.6
	12.1
Mafindor	2.7
	5.3
Kamara	3.8
	25.3
Gorama Kono	3.6
	3.1
Gbane Kandor	2.4
	4.8
Fiama	3.1
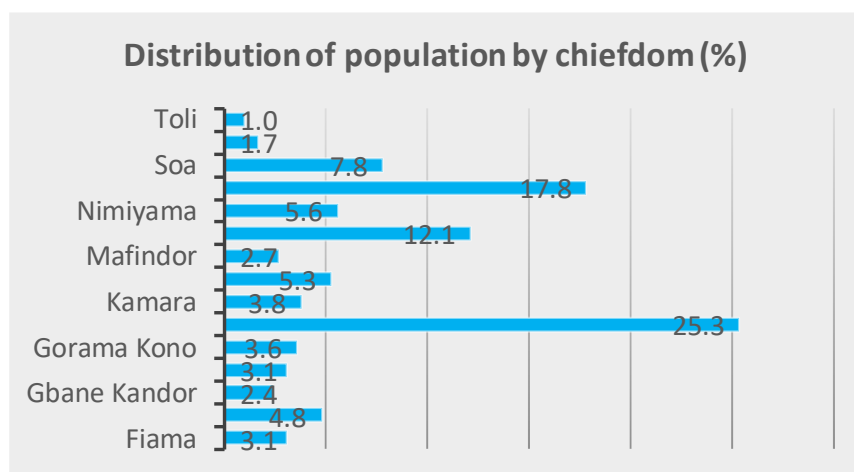
2.3.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	47.4
Primary School GER (%)	108.0
Junior secondary school GER (%)	93.8
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	38.8
Population with post-secondary education (%)	1.8

2.3.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: mining and agriculture	
Main crops produced: rice, cocoa, oil palm, cassava	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	5.8
Labour force participation rate	0.67
Financial Institutions: 5 commercial banks	

and 3 community banks	
Operational post office	1

2.3.5 Poverty

Income Poverty (%)	61.3
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	65.9
Gini coefficient	0.27

2.3.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.4
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	60.6
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	2.2
Generator	0.8
Solar	1.0
Battery/Rechargeable light	91.4

Life Expectancy at Birth	55.0
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	601
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	171
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	2.9
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	37.5
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	52.2

2.3.7 Health

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.62
Hospitals	0.02
Doctors	0.08
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.2
Midwives	0.2
Community Health Officers and…	0.4

2.3.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	9
Number of wards	24
Registered voters	186,095
Share of country's registered voters	5.9
Number of female MPs	1
Number of female councilors	9

2.3.9 Food Security

Food Security	
Prevalence of food security (%)	43.9
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	56.0
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	39.5

2.3.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	1
Number of police stations	8

2.3.11 agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	11.1
Upland rice	23.6
Cassava	8.4
Sweet potato	1.8
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	12.0
Coffee	3.8
Oil Palm	7.5
Agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	1.9
Storage	47.3
Rice Mills	46.7
Power Tillers	3.0

2.3.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
022	54,963	025	57,618	028	50,731
023	61,225	026	41,571	029	66,902
024	63,654	027	48,308	030	61,128

3.0 NORTHERN REGION DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEETS

3.0.1 Map of the Northern Region

Koinadugu

Kabala

Bendugu

Falaba

Bombali

Makeni

Magburaka

Tonkolili
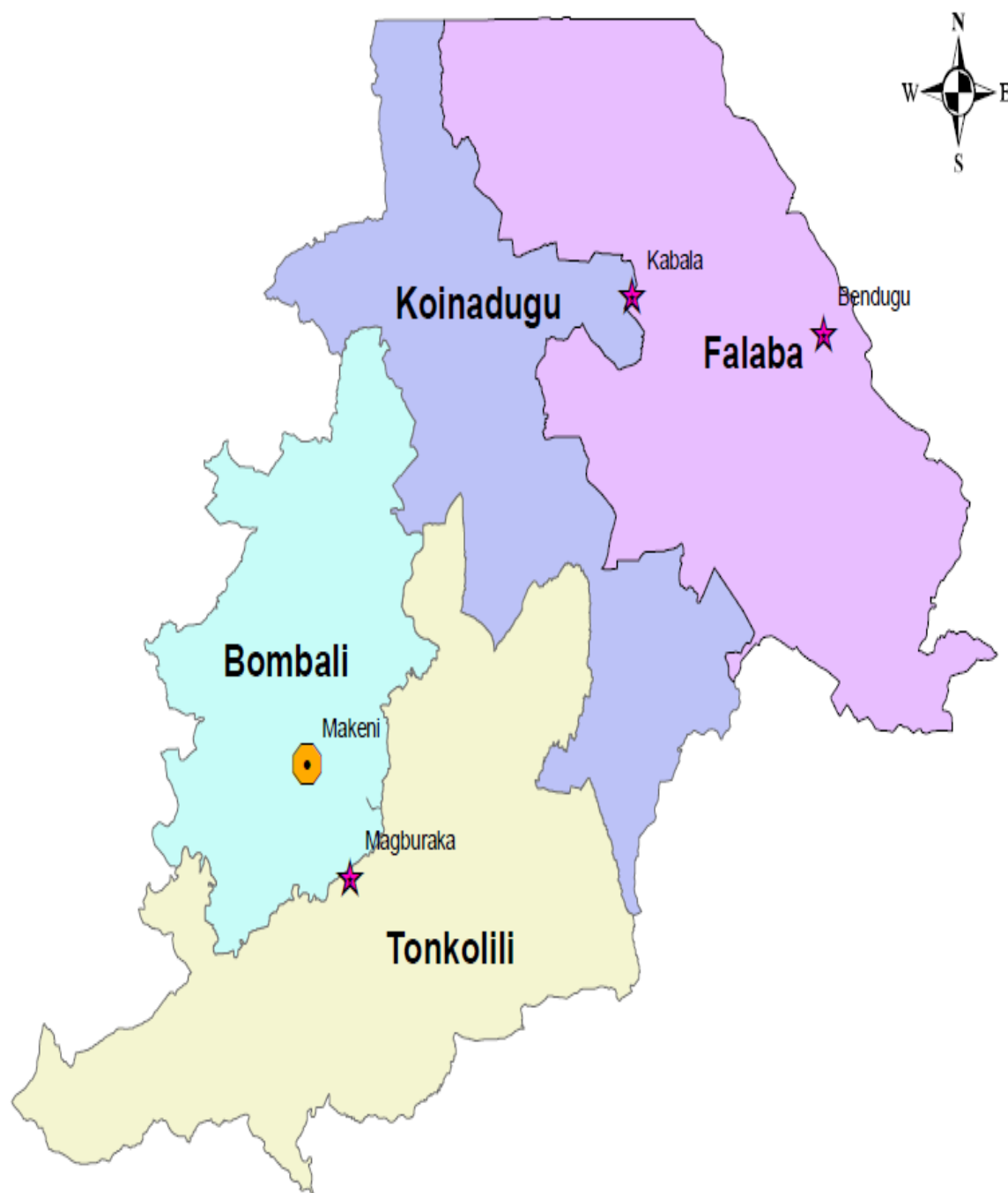
0   12.5   25   50 Kilometers

Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

3.0.2 Demographic Information

Population	1,346,316
Population density (people per km²)	N/A
Contribution of district to national population (%)	16.4
Male Population (%)	49.4
Female population (%)	50.6
Youth population (%)	37.4
Disables (%)	1.2

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	Population
Tonkolili	513,984
Koinadugu	204,019
Falaba	205,353
Bombali	422,960
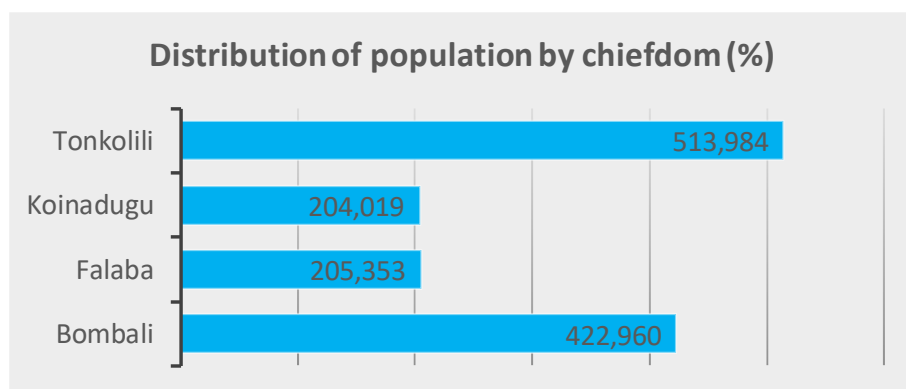
3.0.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	41.7
Primary School GER (%)	86.6
Junior secondary school GER (%)	84.0
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	36.1
Population with post-secondary education (%)	1.9

3.0.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture	
Main crops produced: rice, coffee, cocoa, oil palm oil	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	4.7
Labour force participation rate	0.7
Financial Institutions[1]: 12 commercial banks and 3 community banks	

[1] Data are the aggregate of values for Bombali, Koinadugu and Tonkolili.

Operational post office	3

3.0.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	55.7
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	75.8
Gini Coefficient	0.3

3.0.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.5
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	46.0
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	5.1
Generator	0.6
Solar	0.8
Battery/Rechargeable light	85.1

Life Expectancy at Birth	59.7	
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	348	3.0.7 Health
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	177	
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	1.4	
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	52.3	
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	49.2	

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.68
Hospitals	0.02
Doctors	0.06
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.35
Midwives	0.33
Community Health Workers and...	0.5
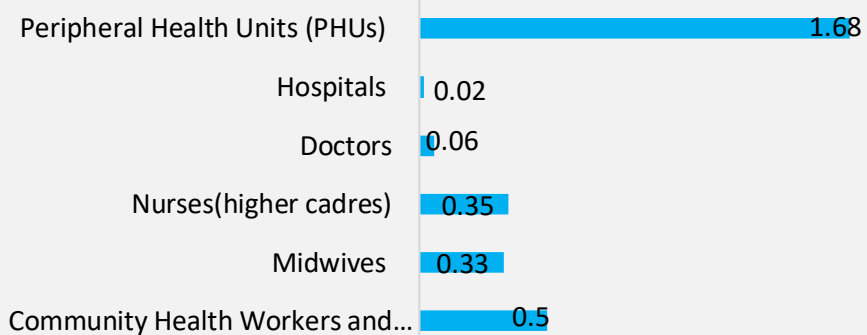
3.0.8 Electoral Statistics

Electoral Statistics	
Number of constituencies	26
Number of wards	86
Registered voters	541,949
Share of country's registered voters	17.1
Number of female MPs	3
Number of female councilors	14

3.0.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	44.0
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	56.1
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	41.0

3.0.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	3
Number of judges	1
Number of police stations	18

3.0.11 Agriculture2

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	60.7
Upland rice	100.5
Cassava	35.3
Sweet potato	5.1
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.22
Coffee	0.6
Oil Palm	22.6
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	11.2

---

[2] Data for major food and tree crops produced are the aggregate of values for Bombali, Koinadugu and Tonkolili, except for the values of the No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery which are the averages for all four districts in the region.

Storage	54.7
Rice Mills	47.0
Power Tillers	9.8

3.1.0 BOMBALI DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

3.1.1 Constituencies in Bombali District Outside the Makeni City
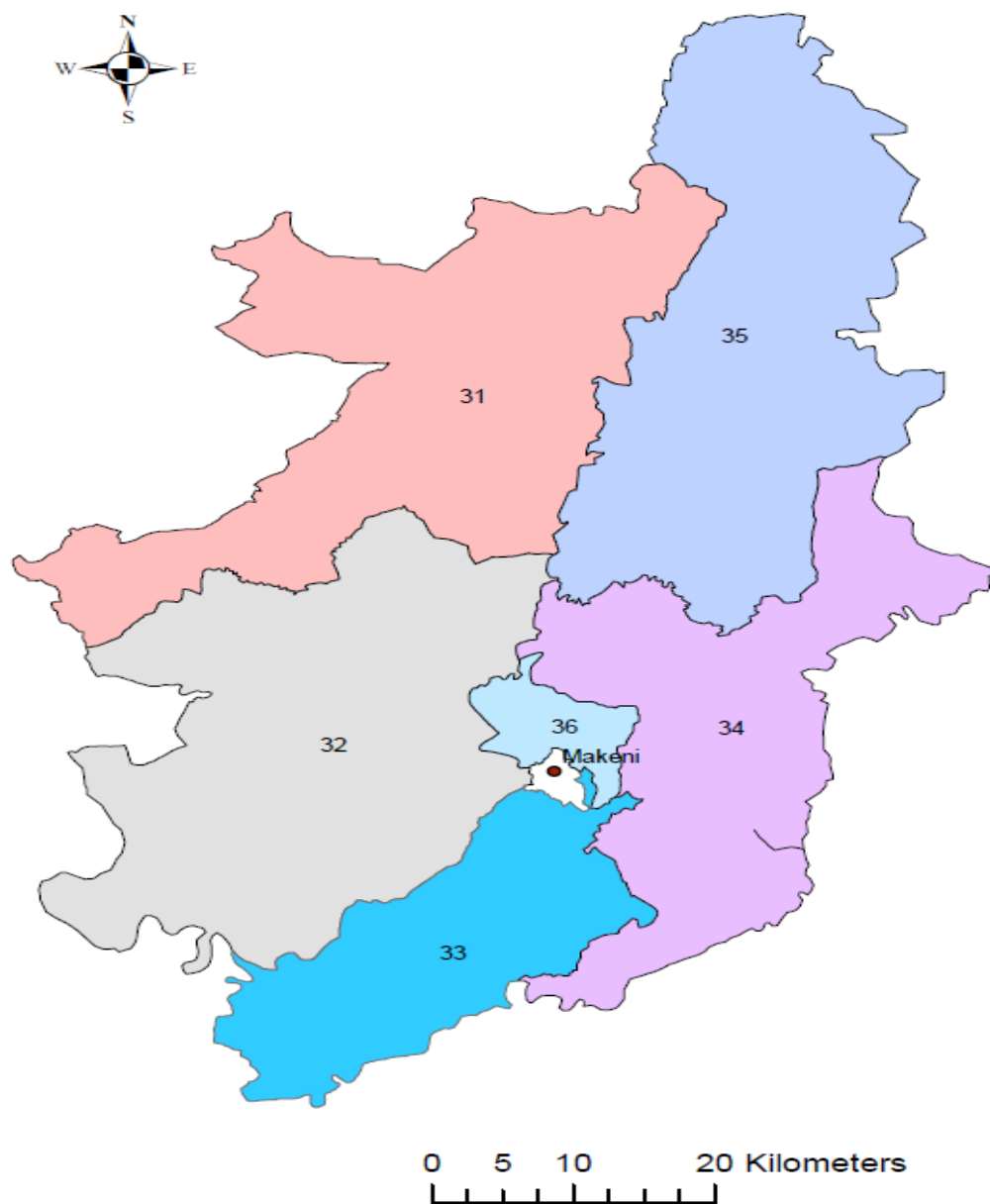
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

3.1.2 Constituencies in Bombali District Within Makeni City

3.1.3 Demographic Information

Population	422,960
Population density (people per km²)	76.0
Contribution of district to national population (%)	6.0
Male Population (%)	48.9
Female population (%)	51.1
Youth population (%)	37.4
Disables (%)	1.5

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
Makeni City	29.8
	7.4
Paki Masabong	4.7
	4.8
Mara	4.1
	9.3
Magbaimba Ndorwahun	3.0
	2.8
Gbendembu	4.4
	10.0
Bombali Siari	1.8
	6.9
Biriwa	11.2
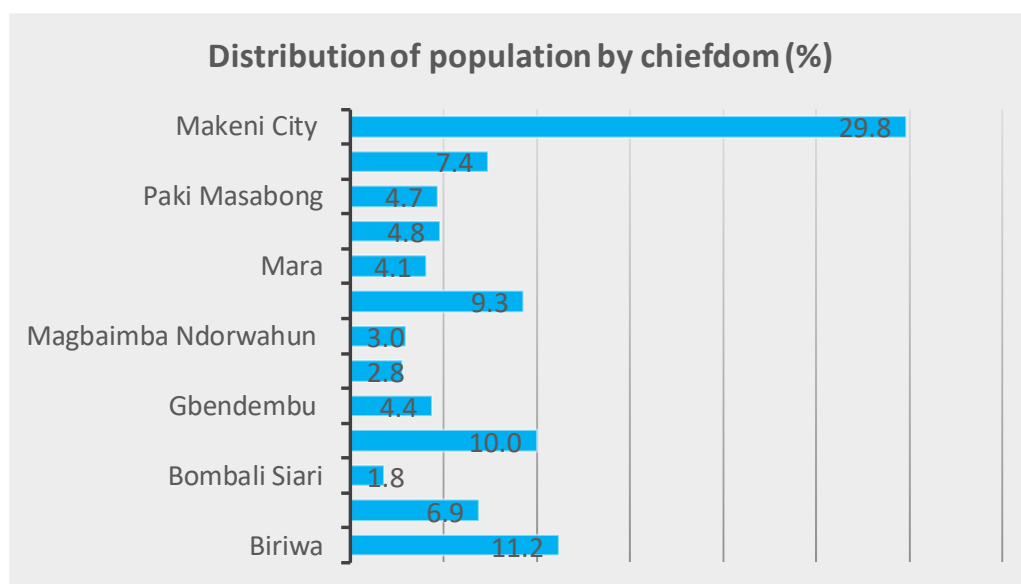
3.1.4 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	46.1
Primary School GER (%)	107.6
Junior secondary school GER (%)	93.7
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	50.9
Population with post-secondary education (%)	3.3

3.1.5 Economic Characteristics

Economic activities: agriculture
Main crops produced: rice, coffee, cocoa, oil palm oil

Paid employment-to-population ratio	8.3
Labour force participation rate	0.65
Financial Institutions: 8 commercial banks and 1 community bank	
Operational post office	1

3.1.6 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	57.9
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	65.9
Gini Coefficient	0.42

3.1.7 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	1.0
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	60.7
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	18.1
Generator	0.4
Solar	1.1
Battery/Rechargeable light	75.8
Life Expectancy at Birth	53.8
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	372
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	113
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	2.0
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	37.6
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	58.8

3.1.8 Health

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.61
Hospitals	0.03
Doctors	0.1
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.5
Midwives	0.4
Community Health Officers and...	0.5
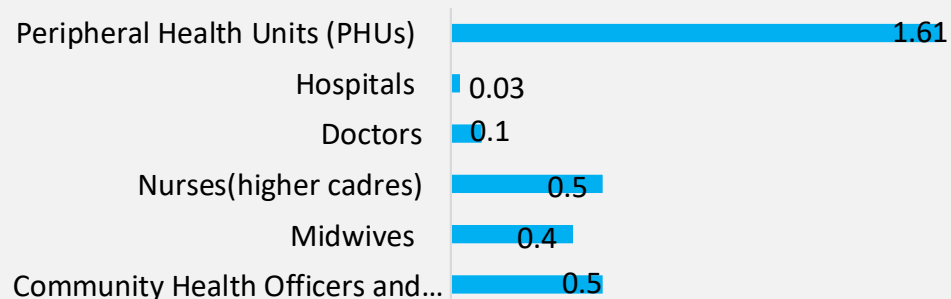
3.1.9 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	8
Number of wards	21
Registered voters	187,664
Share of country's registered voters	5.9
Number of female MPs	1
Number of female councilors	8

3.1.10 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	43.5
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	56.5
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	39.6

3.1.11 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	1
Number of police stations	6

3.1.12 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	15.1
Upland rice	23.6
Cassava	12.5
Sweet potato	2.4
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.2
Coffee	0.6
Oil Palm	17.8
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	10.7
Storage	58.0
Rice Mills	24.7
Power Tillers	4.4

3.1.13 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
031	42,992	034	51,136	037	67,371
032	59,563	035	47,305	038	58,599
033	53,864	036	42,130		

3.2.0 FALABA DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

3.2.1 Constituencies in Falaba District
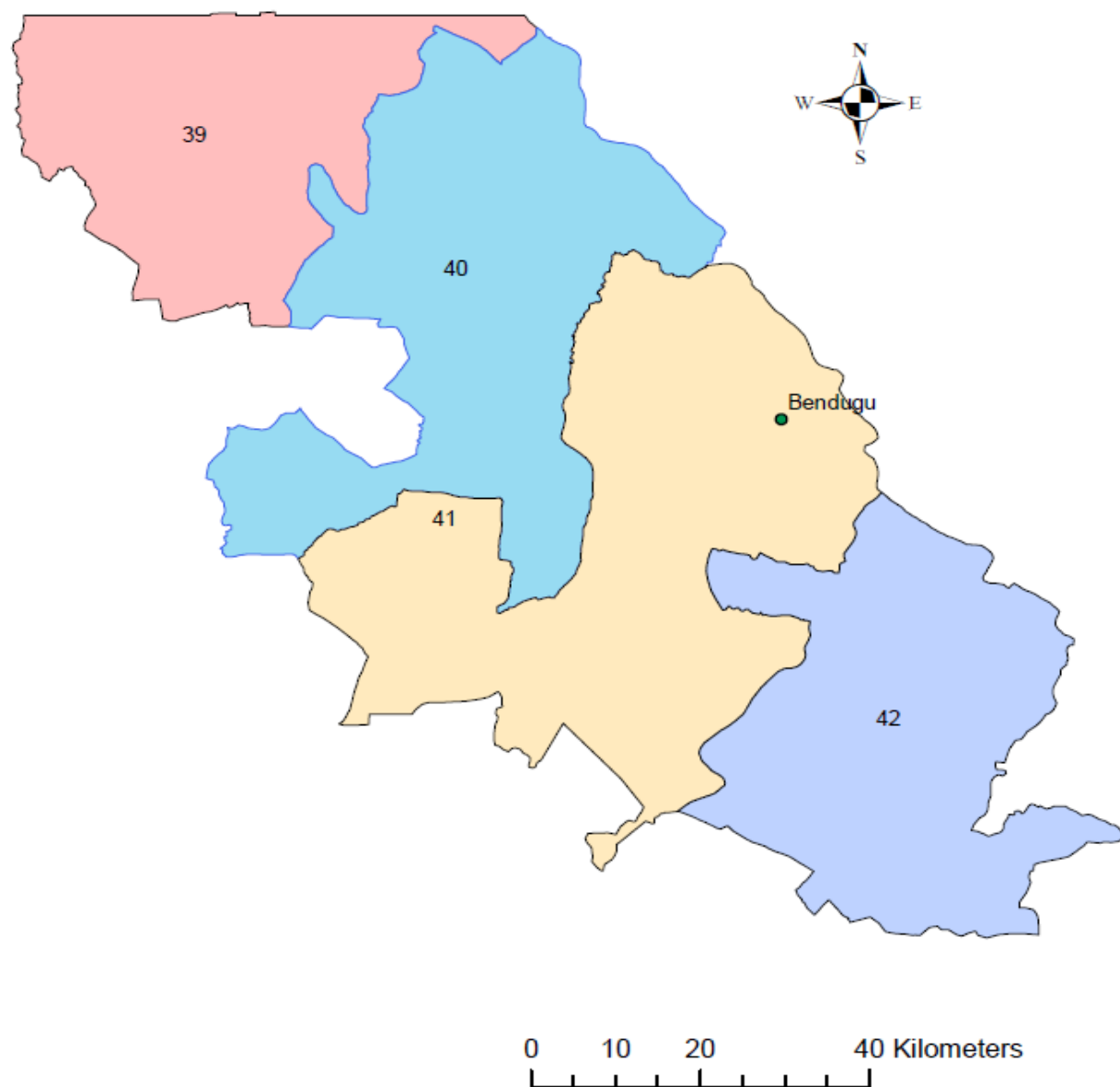
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

3.2.2 Demographic Information

Population	205,353
Population density (people per km²)	N/A
Contribution of district to national population (%)	2.9
Male Population (%)	50.5
Female population (%)	49.5
Youth population* (%)	37.7
Disables* (%)	1.0

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
Nyedu	2.5
Neya	12.3
Morifindugu	5.5
Mongo	7.6
Kulor Saradu	6.0
Kebelia	4.4
Kamadu Yiraia	6.4
Folosaba	5.2
Dembelia-Sinkunia	10.4
Sulima	13.0
Wollay Barawa	11.5
Dembelia	5.0
Delemandugu	10.2
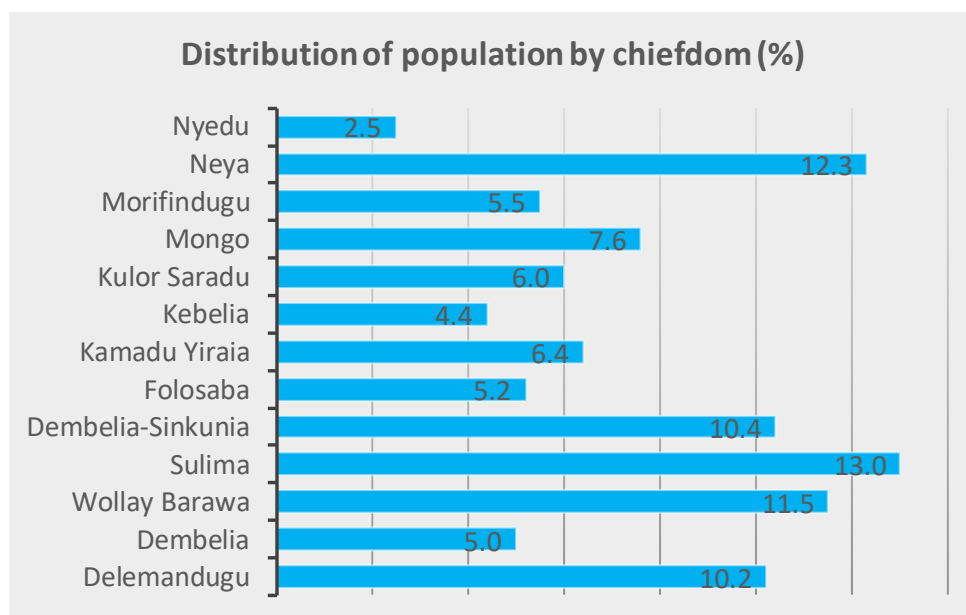
3.2.3 Education and Literacy*

Literacy rate (%)	40.4
Primary School GER (%)	71.3
Junior secondary school GER (%)	73.9
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	29.7
Population with post-secondary education (%)	1.3

3.2.4 Economic Characteristics*

Major economic activities: agriculture, animal rearing	
Main crops produced: rice, groundnut, cassava, oil palm	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	2.9
Labour force participation rate	0.74
Financial Institutions:	1 commercial bank

and 1 community bank	
Operational post offices	1

3.2.5 Poverty*

Income poverty (%)	54.3
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	86.5
Gini Coefficient	0.28

3.2.6 Access to Basic Services by Households*

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.3
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	40.4
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	0.1
Generator	0.7
Solar	0.6
Battery/Rechargeable light	87.0

3.2.7 Health*

Life Expectancy at Birth	66.0
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	333
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	202
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	1.0
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	57.9
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	44.0

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population*

Hospitals 0.02
0.05
1.62
Nurses(higher cadres) 0.3
0.3
Community Health Workers and... 0.4

Number of constituencies	4
Number of wards	18
Registered voters	65,761
Share of country's registered voters	2.1
Number of female MPs	0
Number of female councilors	1

3.2.8 Electoral Statistics

3.2.9 Food Security*

Prevalence of food security (%)	48.1
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	51.9
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	45.0

3.2.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	0
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	2

3.2.11 Agriculture*

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	32.0
Upland rice	45.3
Cassava	7.0
Sweet potato	1.4
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.01
Coffee	
Oil Palm	1.1
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	9.2
Storage	51.6
Rice Mills	63.2
Power Tillers	13.3

3.2.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
039	47,708	**041**	55,489	**042**	58,627
040	43,529				

3.3.0 KOINADUGU DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

3.3.1 Constituencies in Koinadugu District
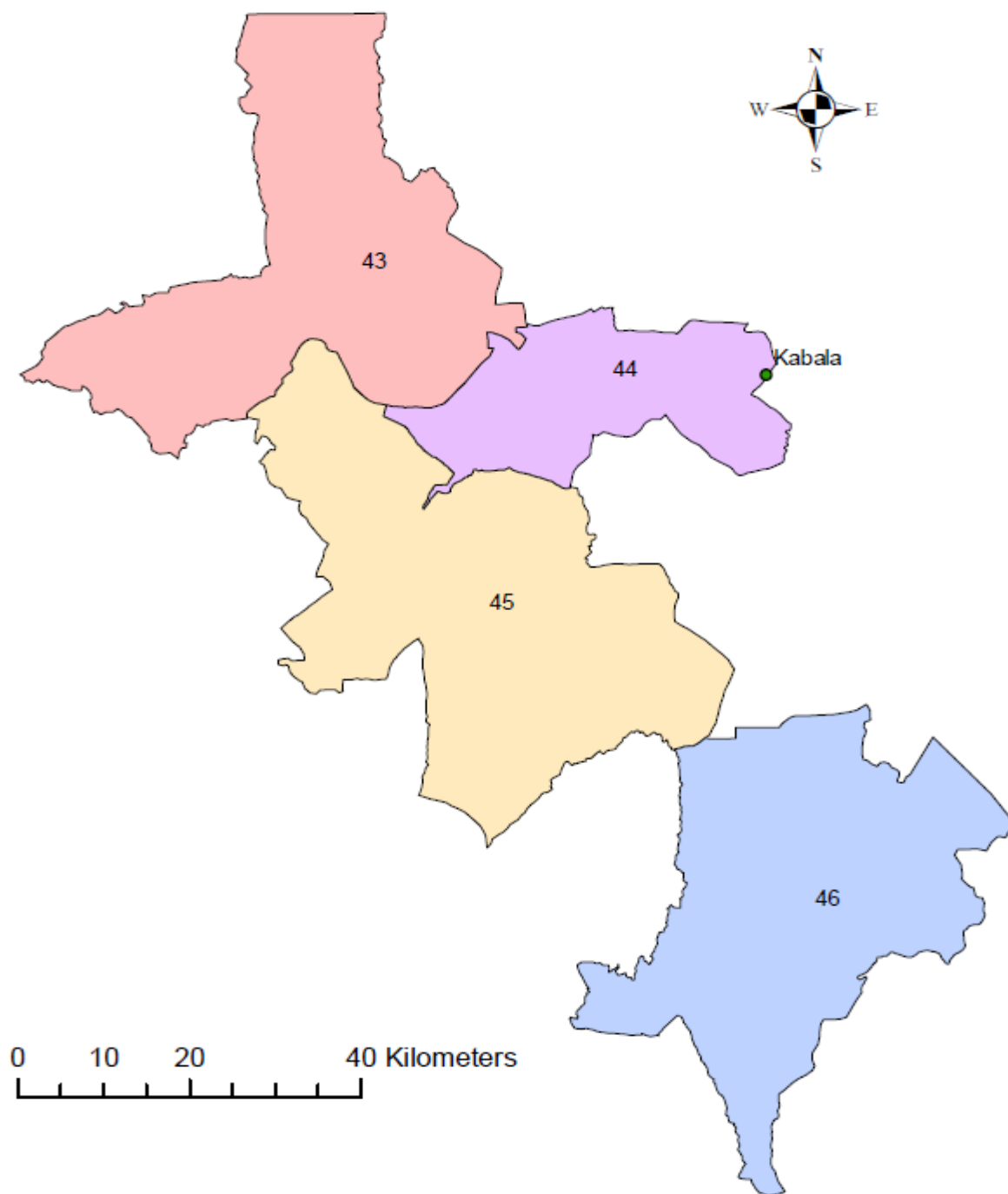
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

3.3.2 Demographic Information

Population	204,019
Population density (people per km²)	33.8
Contribution of district to national population (%)	2.9
Male Population (%)	49.95
Female population (%)	50.05
Youth population (%)	37.71
Disables (%)	1.0

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
	17.7
WARA WARA BAFODIA	11.0
	3.1
SENGBE	12.1
	15.9
KASUNKO KAKELLIAN	5.3
	6.0
KALIAN	10.9
	3.8
DIANG	14.2
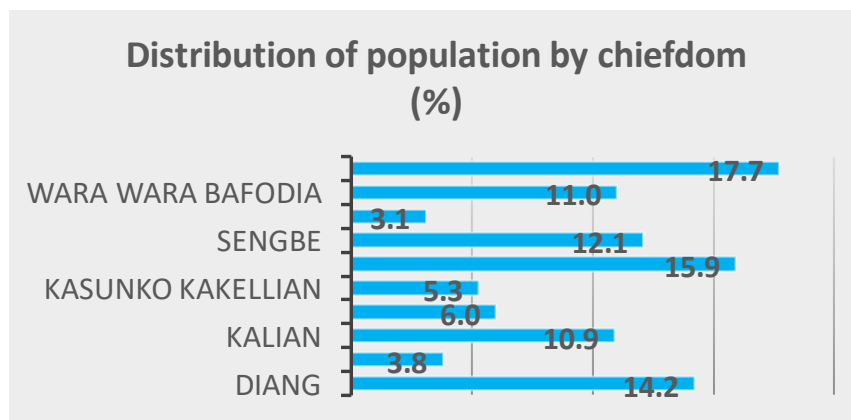
3.3.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	40.4
Primary School GER (%)	71.3
Junior secondary school GER (%)	73.9
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	29.7
Population with post-secondary education (%)	1.3

3.3.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture, animal rearing	
Main crops produced: rice, groundnut, cassava, oil palm	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	2.9
Labour force participation rate	0.74
Financial Institutions: 1 commercial bank and 1 community bank	
Operational post offices	1

3.3.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	54.3
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	86.5
Gini Coefficient	0.28

3.3.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.3
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	40.4
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	0.1
Generator	0.7
Solar	0.6
Battery/Rechargeable light	87.0

3.3.7 Health

Life Expectancy at Birth	66.0
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	333
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	202
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	1.0
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	57.9
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	44.0

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.62
Hospitals	0.02
Doctors	0.05
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.3
Midwives	0.3
Community Health Workers and…	0.4

3.3.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	4
Number of wards	18
Registered voters	84,293
Share of country's registered voters	2.7
Number of female MPs	0
Number of female councilors	3

3.3.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	48.1
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	51.9
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	45.0

3.3.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	3

3.3.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	32.0
Upland rice	45.3
Cassava	7.0
Sweet potato	1.4
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.01
Coffee	
Oil Palm	1.1
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	9.2
Storage	51.6
Rice Mills	63.2
Power Tillers	13.3

3.3.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
043	40,850	**045**	47,615	**046**	54,623
044	60,931				

3.4.0 TONKOLILI DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

3.4.1 Constituencies in Tonkolili District
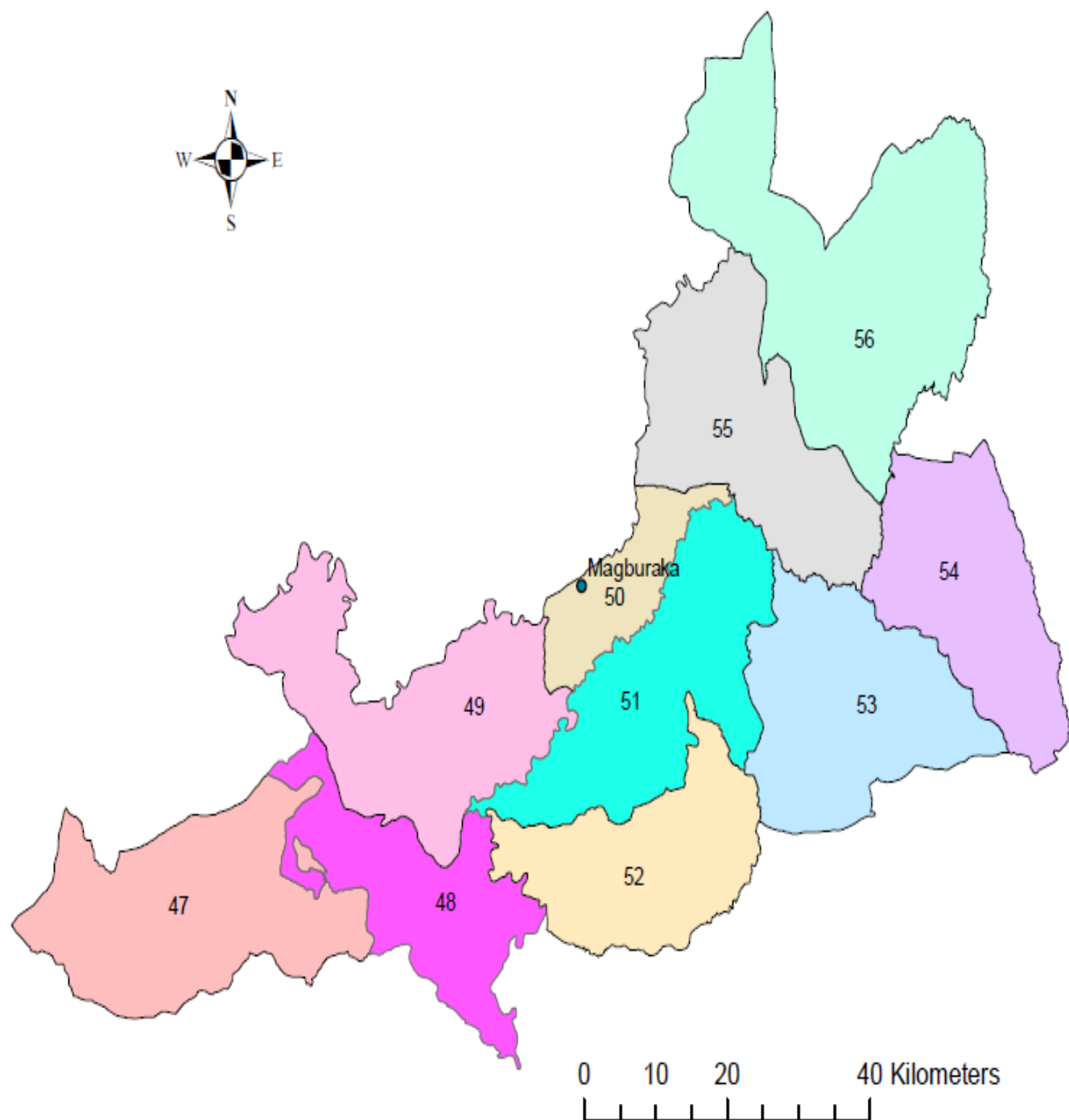
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

3.4.2 Population

	513,984
Population density (people per km²)	75.9
Contribution of district to national population (%)	7.2
Male Population (%)	49.52
Female population (%)	50.48
Youth population (%)	37.18
Disables (%)	1.2

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
Yoni Mamaila	15.4
	6.5
Yele	4.6
	6.5
Simiria	5.4
	6.2
Poli	1.6
	3.6
Malal	2.6
	9.9
Kunike Folawusu	4.6
	4.9
Kolifa Rowalla	9.9
	2.9
Kohilifa Mabang	3.2
	2.2
Kafe	1.7
	4.8
Gbonkolenken	3.3
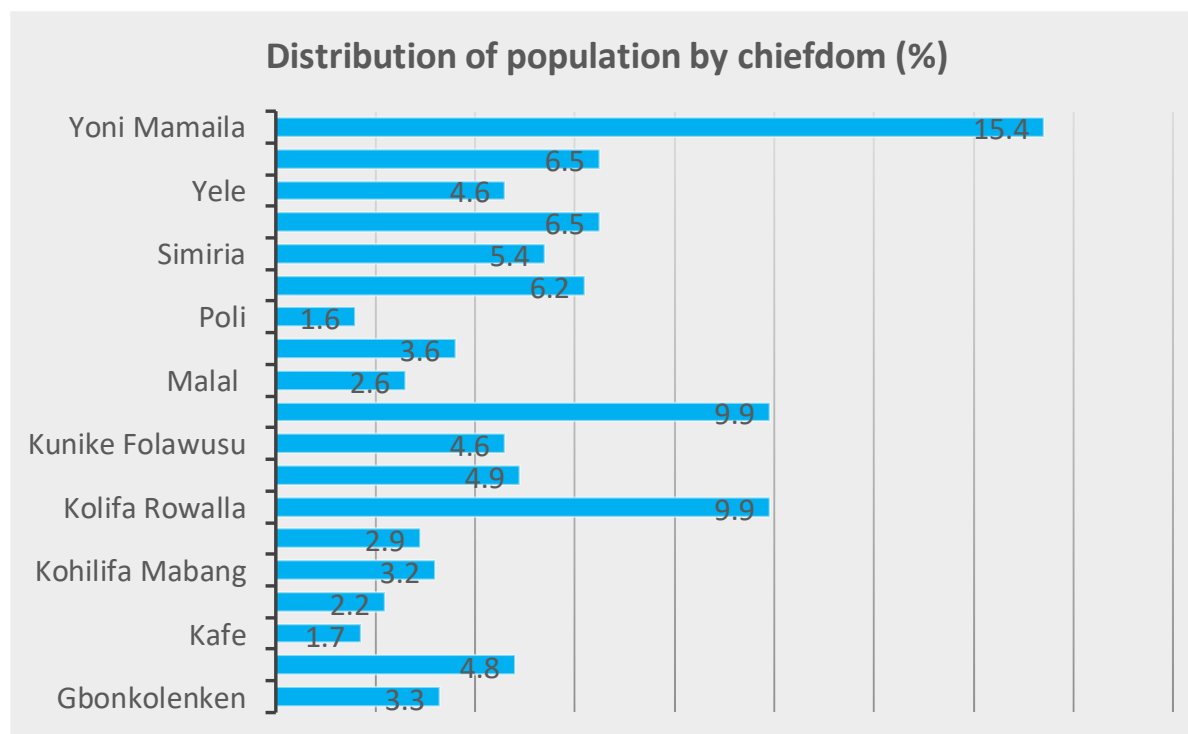
3.4.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	40.0
Primary School GER (%)	96.1
Junior secondary school GER (%)	94.6
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	34.2
Population with post-secondary education (%)	1.7

3.4.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture, mining
Main crops produced: rice, cassava, oil palm

Paid employment-to-population ratio	
Labour force participation rate	0.71
Financial Institutions: 3 commercial banks and 1 community bank	
Operational post office	1

3.4.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	76.4
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	85.4
Gini Coefficient	0.21

3.4.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.3
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	42.4
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	2.0
Generator	0.4
Solar	0.7
Battery/Rechargeable light	90.7

3.4.7 Health

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Category	Value
Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.88
Hospitals	0.02
Doctors	0.05
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.3
Midwives	0.3
Community Health Workers and Assistants	0.7
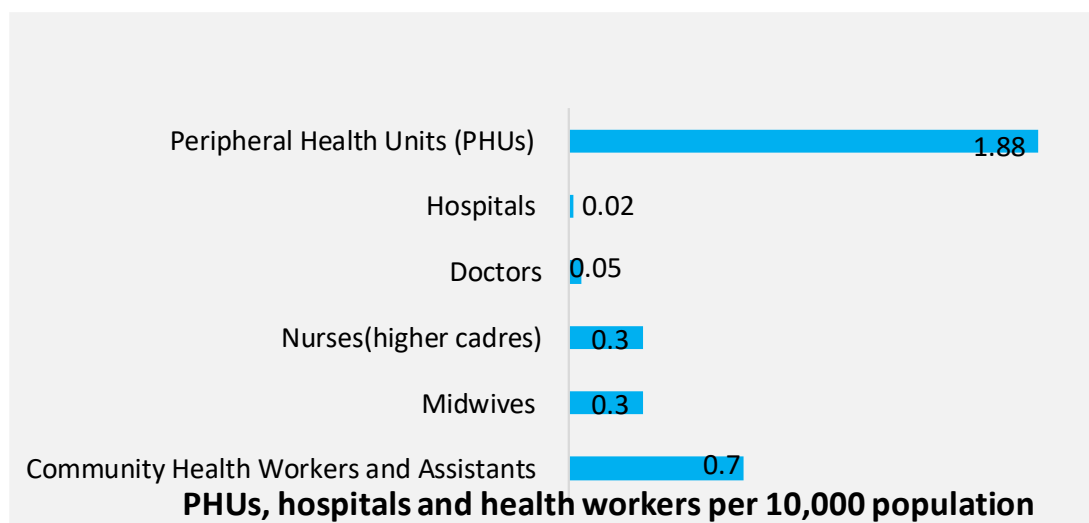
3.4.8 Electoral Statistics

Life Expectancy at birth	51.0
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	355
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	190
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	1.5
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	55.7
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	50.1
Number of constituencies	10
Number of wards	29
Registered voters	204,231
Share of country's registered voters	6.4
Number of female MPs	2
Number of female councilors	2

3.4.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	36.1
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	63.9
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	34.0

3.4.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	7

3.4.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	13.6
Upland rice	31.6
Cassava	15.8
Sweet potato	1.3
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.01
Coffee	
Oil Palm	3.7
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	15.5
Storage	57.7
Rice Mills	37.0
Power Tillers	8.3

3.4.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
047	53,091	051	46,994	055	55,456
048	59,420	052	53,996	056	49,071
049	45,274	053	40,943		
050	51,022	054	58,717		

4.0 NORTH WESTERN REGION DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEETS

4.0.1 Map of North Western Region

Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

4.0.2 Demographic Information

Population	1,161,885
Population density (people per km²)	N/A
Contribution of region to national population (%)	16.4
Male Population (%)	48.2
Female population (%)	51.8
Youth population (%)	36.3
Disables (%)	1.4

Regional population by district (%)

District	Population
Kambia	354,474
Karene	285,546
Port Loko	530,865
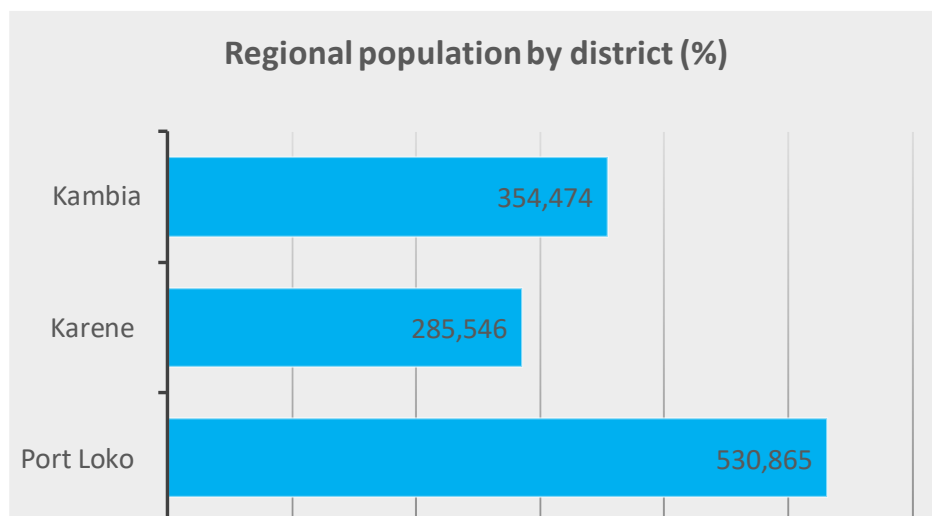
4.0.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	42.8
Primary School GER (%)	102.7
Junior secondary school GER (%)	84.5
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	39.2
Population with post-secondary education (%)	2.4

4.0.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture, mining, fishing, trade	
Main crops produced: rice, cassava, palm oil, sweet potato	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	6.5
Labour force participation rate	0.68

Financial Institutions[3]:	10 commercial banks
and 2 community banks	
Operational post office	4

4.0.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	57.2
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	75.8
Gini Coefficient	0.31

4.0.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.6
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	48.9
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	8.0
Generator	0.6
Solar	1.0
Battery/Rechargeable light	85.5

4.0.7 Health

Health	
Life Expectancy at Birth	50.0
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	311
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	143
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	2.1
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	48.1
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	54.8

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.7
Hospitals	0.04
Doctors	0.07
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.3
Midwives	0.3
Community Health Workers and…	0.6
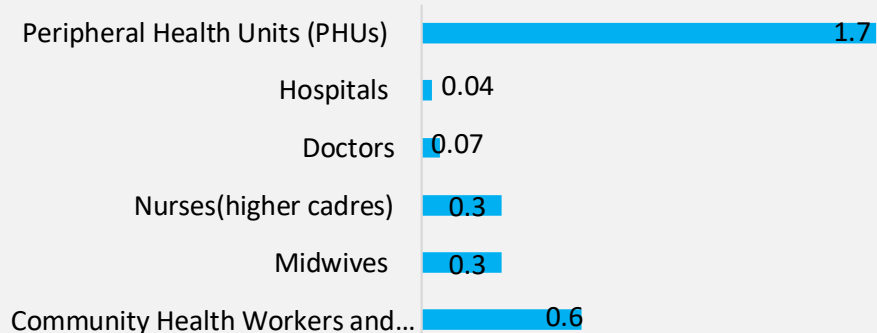
4.0.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	21
Number of wards	72
Registered voters	490,606
Share of country's registered voters	15.4
Number of female MPs	1
Number of female councilors	10

4.0.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	38.2
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	61.7
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	39.4

4.0.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	5
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	17

4.0.11 Agriculture[4]

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	64.1
Upland rice	44.4
Cassava	38.0
Sweet potato	6.4
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.1
Coffee	0.53
Oil Palm	5.6
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	8.3
Storage	51.7
Rice Mills	51.9
Power Tillers	4.1

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[4] Data for major food and tree crops produced are the aggregate of values for Port Loko and Kambia, except for the values of the No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery which are the averages for all three districts in the region.

4.1.0 KAMBIA DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

4.1.1Constituencies in Kambia District
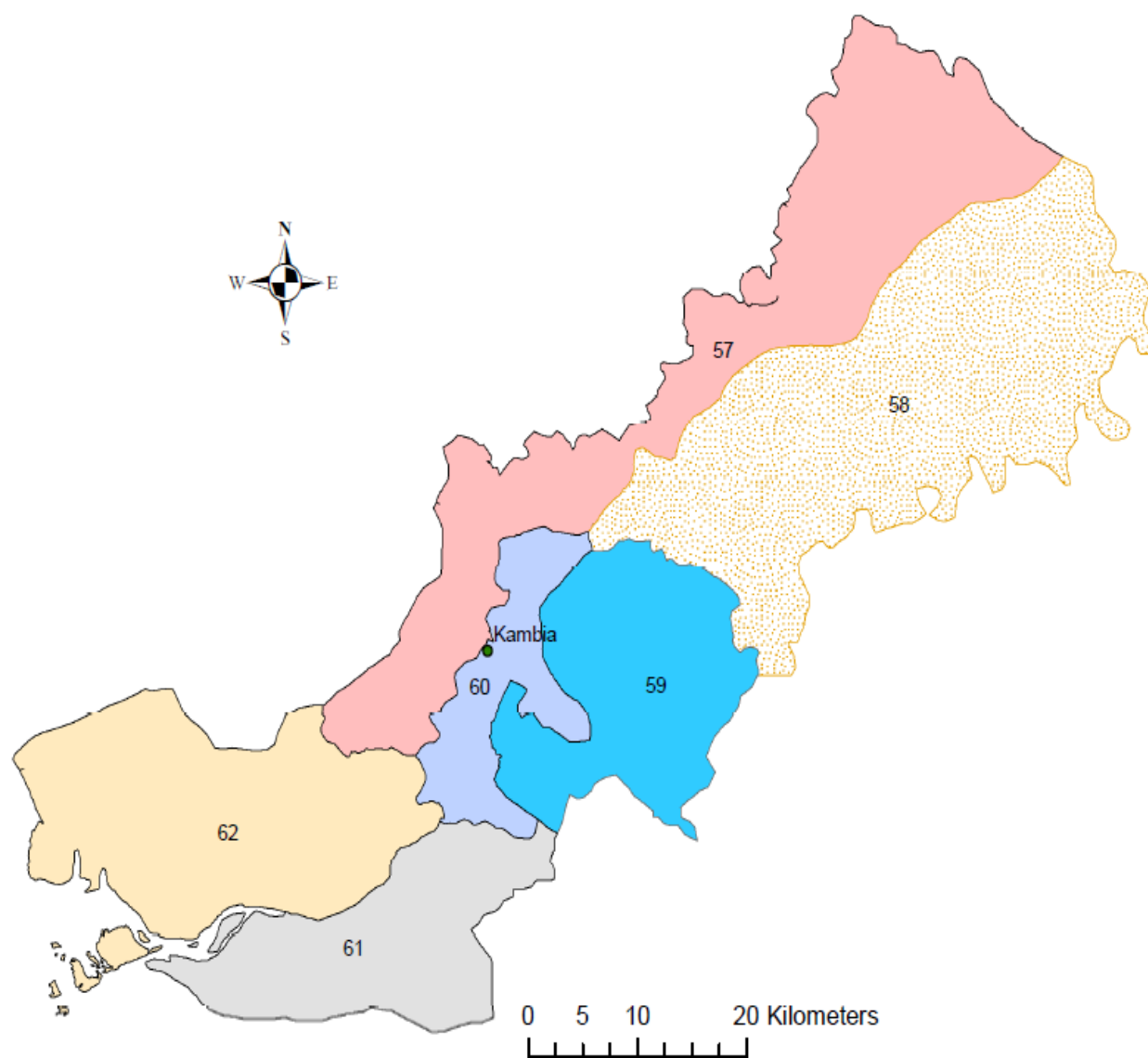
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

4.1.2 Demographic Information

Population	345,474
Population density (people per km²)	111.2
Contribution of district to national population (%)	4.9
Male Population (%)	47.9
Female population (%)	52.1
Youth population (%)	35.5
Disables (%)	1.3

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
Tonko Limba	17.0
Samu	18.8
Masungbala	4.5
Munu Thalla	4.7
Mambolo	11.0
Magbema	26.7
Khonimaka	4.0
Gbinle	4.5
Dixon	2.3
Bramaia	6.7
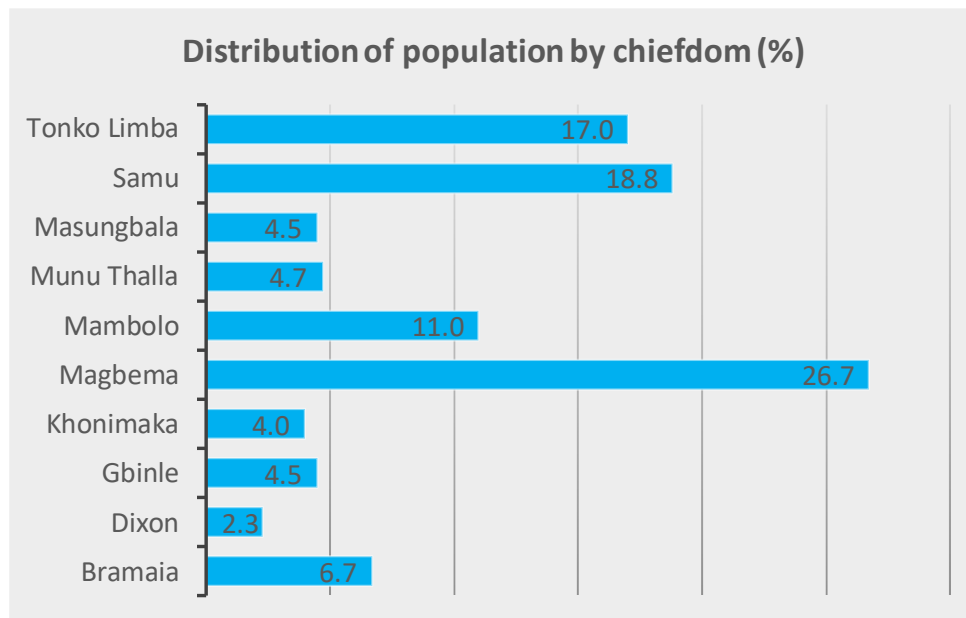
4.1.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	39.3
Primary School GER (%)	96.1
Junior secondary school GER (%)	81.0
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	31.9
Population with post-secondary education (%)	1.4

4.1.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture, trade, small scale fishing	
Main crops produced: rice, cassava, sweet potato	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	4.1
Labour force participation rate	0.71

Financial Institutions:	1 commercial bank
and 1 community bank	
Operational post offices	1

4.1.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	53.9
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	77.3
Gini Coefficient	0.23

4.1.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.3
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	43.2
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	0.2
Generator	0.7
Solar	1.0
Battery/Rechargeable light	94.4

Life Expectancy at Birth	55.5	4.1.7 Health
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	322	
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	131	
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	2.1	
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	48.3	
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	59.2	

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.92
Hospitals	0.03
Doctors	0.06
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.4
Midwives	0.4
Community Health Officers and Assistants	0.8
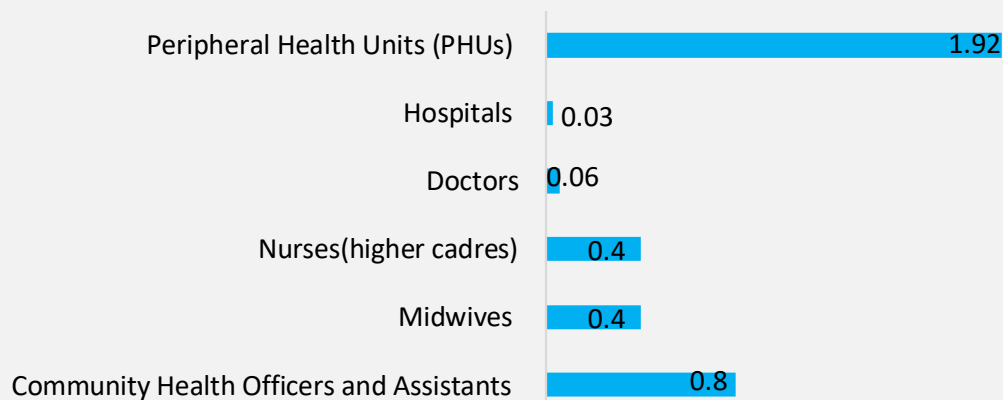
4.1.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	6
Number of wards	23
Registered voters	155,484
Share of country's registered voters	4.9
Number of female MPs	0
Number of female councilors	3

4.1.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	32.7
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	67.3
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	32.1

4.1.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	5

4.1.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	37.1
Upland rice	14.1
Cassava	6.9
Sweet potato	3.0
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.0
Coffee	0.03
Oil Palm	1.7
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	8.5
Storage	50.2
Rice Mills	83.6
Power Tillers	5.0

4.1.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
057	60,197	**059**	47,972	**061**	53,030
058	58,573	**060**	60,912	**062**	64,790

4.2.0 KARENE DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

4.2.1 Constituencies in Karene District
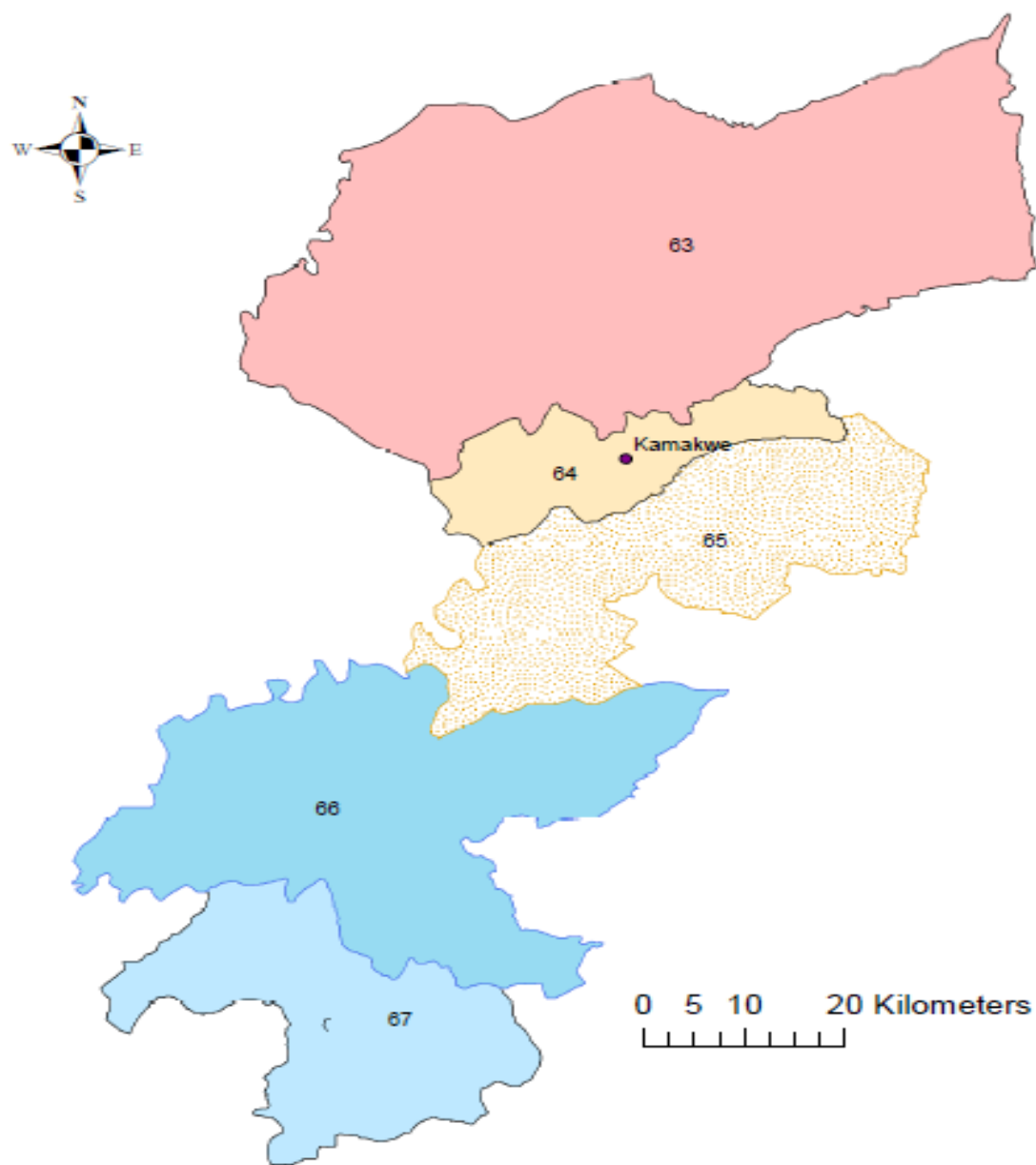
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

4.2.2 Demographic Information

Population	285,546
Population density (people per km²)	N/A
Contribution of district to national population (%)	4.0
Male Population (%)	48.8
Female population (%)	51.
Youth population* (%)	37.4
Disables* (%)	1.5

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Sella Limba	20.5
	9.2
Sanda Magbolontor	8.3
	15.8
Safroko	3.8
	7.4
Mafonda Makerembay	1.6
	4.1
Tambakha Yobangie	8.6
	4.9
Gbanti	5.8
	5.4
Buya	4.6
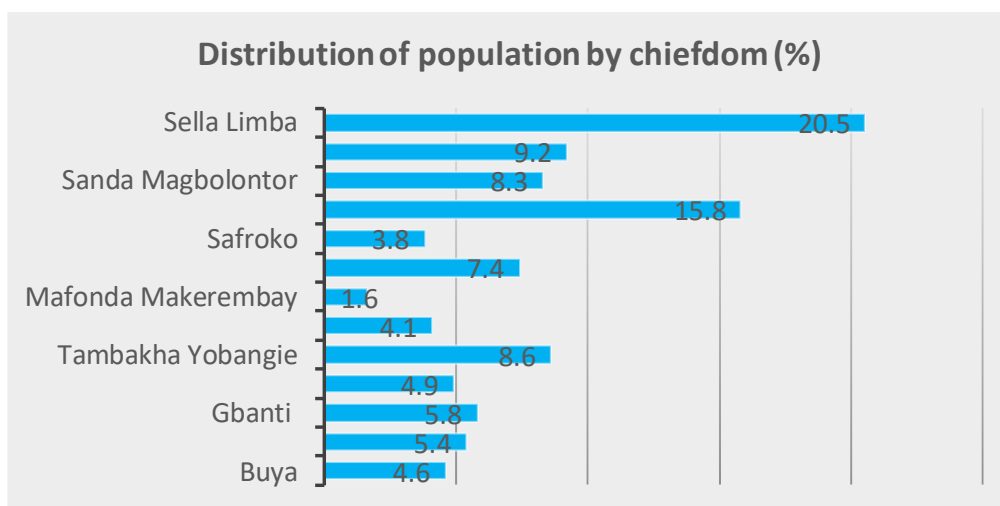
4.2.3 Education and Literacy*

Literacy rate (%)	46.1
Primary School GER (%)	107.6
Junior secondary school GER (%)	93.7
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	50.9
Population with post-secondary education (%)	3.3

4.2.4 Economic Characteristics*

Major economic activities: agriculture	
Main crops produced: rice, coffee, cocoa, oil palm oil	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	8.3
Labour force participation rate	0.65
Financial Institutions: 8 commercial banks and 1 community banks	
Operational post offices	1

4.2.5 Poverty*

Income poverty (%)	57.9
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	69.7
Gini Coefficient	0.42

4.2.6 Access to Basic Services by Households*

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	1.0
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	60.7
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	18.1
Generator	0.4
Solar	1.1
Battery/Rechargeable light	75.8
Major township roads (km)	

4.2.7 Health

Life Expectancy at Birth	55.6
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	372
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	113
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	2.0
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	37.6
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	58.0

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population*

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.47
Hospitals	0.02
Doctors	0.07
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.1
Midwives	0.1
Community Health Workers and...	0.7

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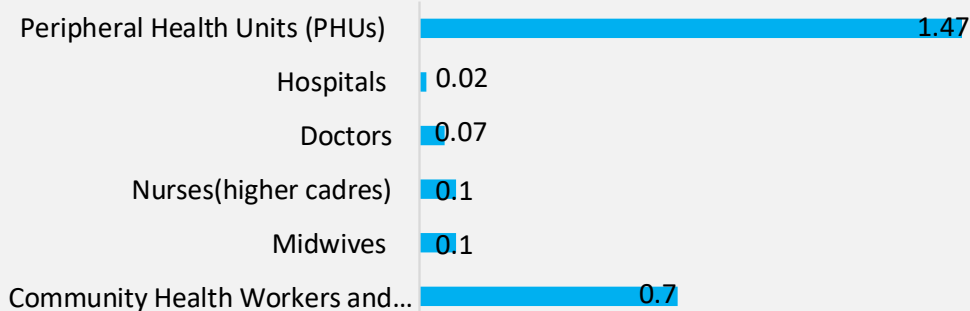
* Denotes data for Bombali district and which have been assumed to be the same for Karene.

4.2.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	5
Number of wards	21
Registered voters	101,160
Share of country's registered voters	3.2
Number of female MPs	1
Number of female councilors	2

4.2.9 Food Security*

Prevalence of food security (%)	43.5
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	56.5
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	39.6

4.2.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	2

4.2.11 Agriculture*

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	15.1
Upland rice	23.6
Cassava	12.5
Sweet potato	2.4
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.2
Coffee	0.6
Oil Palm	17.8
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	10.7
Storage	58.0
Rice Mills	24.7
Power Tillers	4.4

4.2.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
063	43,984	**065**	61,714	**067**	60,780
064	52,910	**066**	66,158		

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* Denotes data for Bombali district and which have been assumed to be the same for Karene.

4.3.0 PORT LOKO DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

4.3.1 Constituencies in Port Loko Outside the Port Loko City
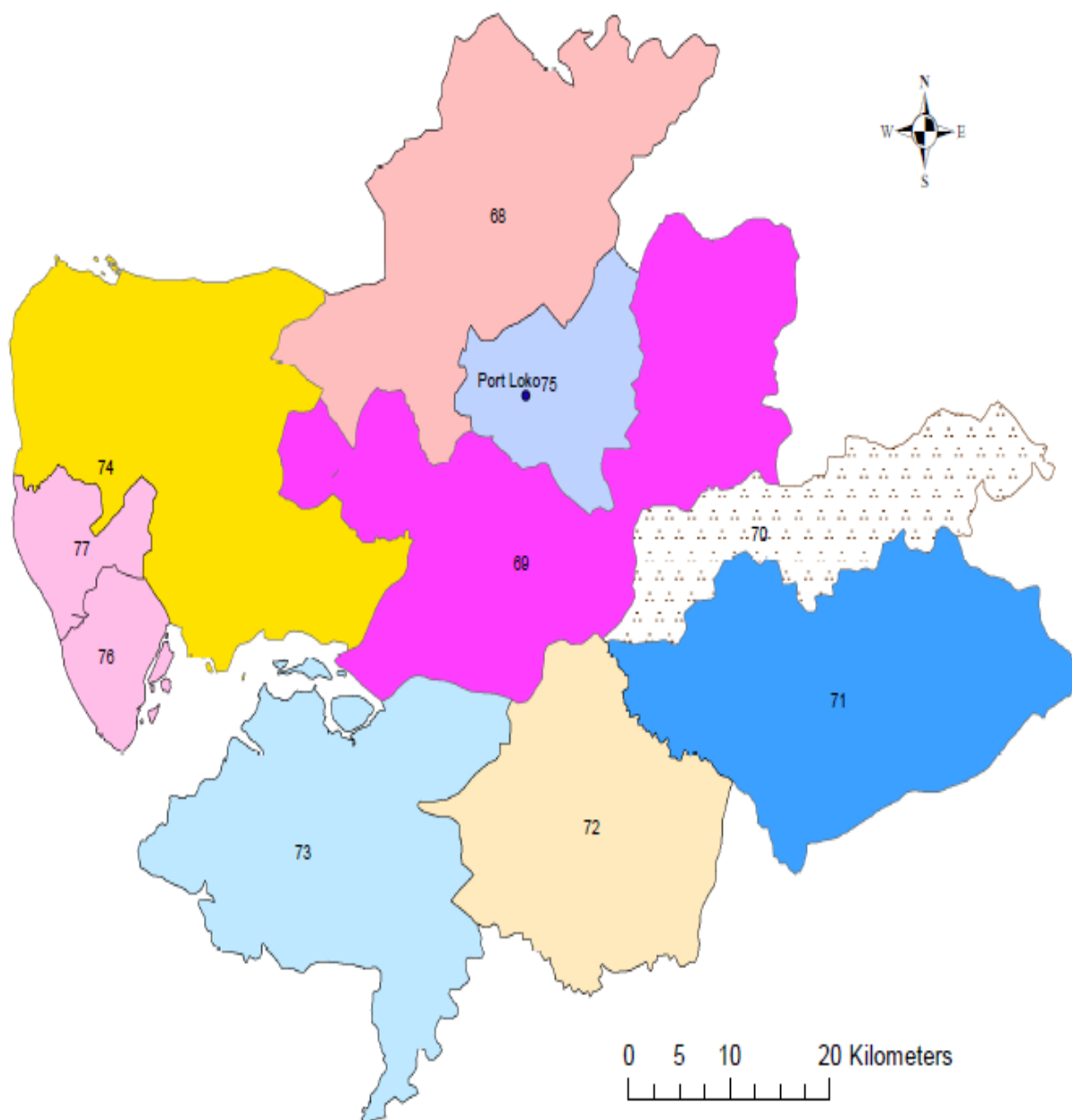
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

4.3.2 Constituencies in Port Loko District Within Port Loko City

Port Loko City

Port Loko

0   1.5   3   6 Kilometers
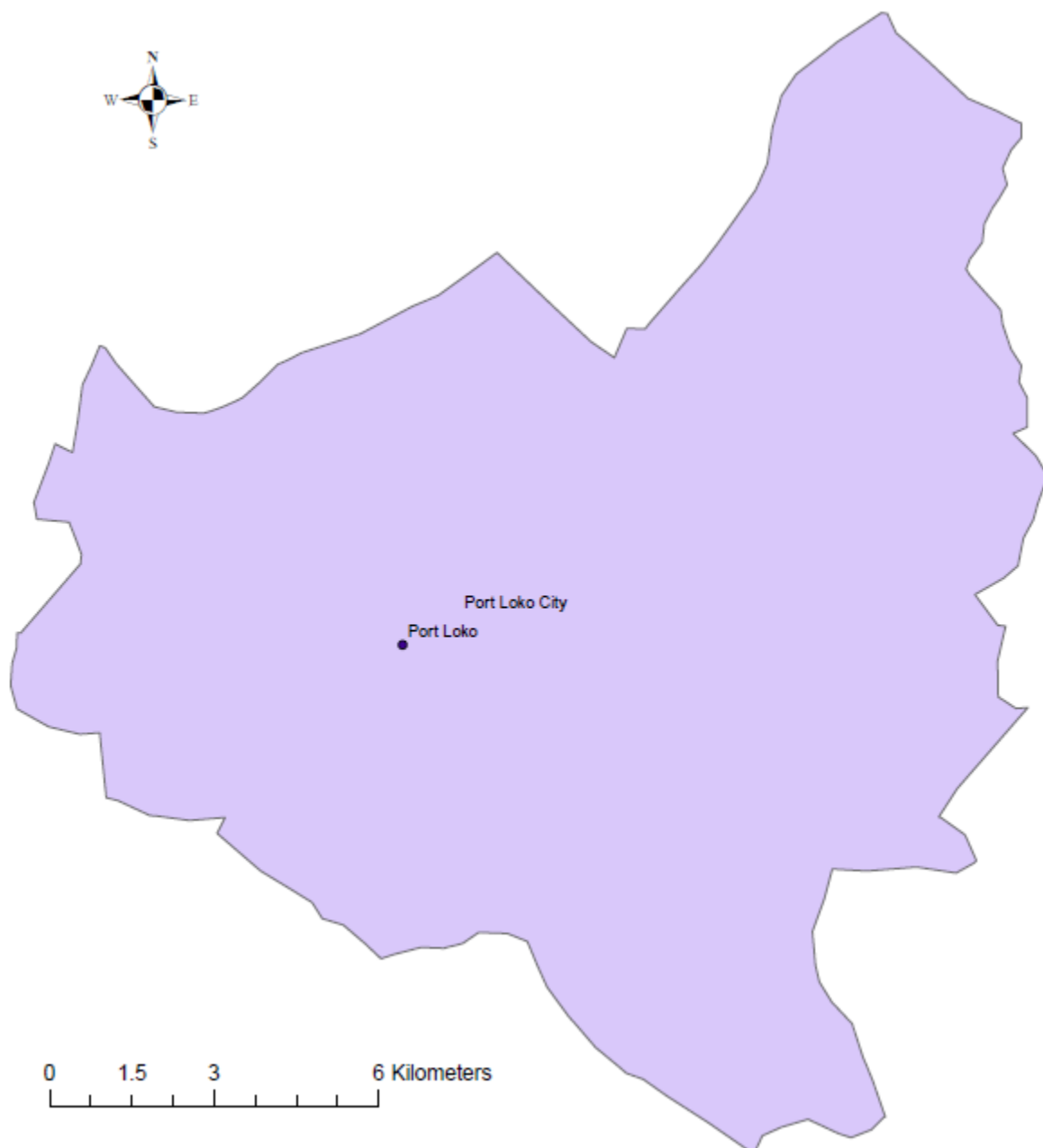
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

4.3.3 Demographic Information

Population	530,865
Population density (people per km²)	107.6
Contribution of district to national population (%)	7.5
Male Population (%)	47.9
Female population (%)	52.1
Youth population (%)	36.1
Disables (%)	1.48

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	Value
	7.7
Thainkatopa	1.9
	11.2
Maforki	6.8
	1.9
Port Loko City	8.1
	1.8
Lokomasama	9.1
	16
Kaffu Bullom	22.7
	2.7
Kamasondo	5.6
	1.5
Bureh	3.0
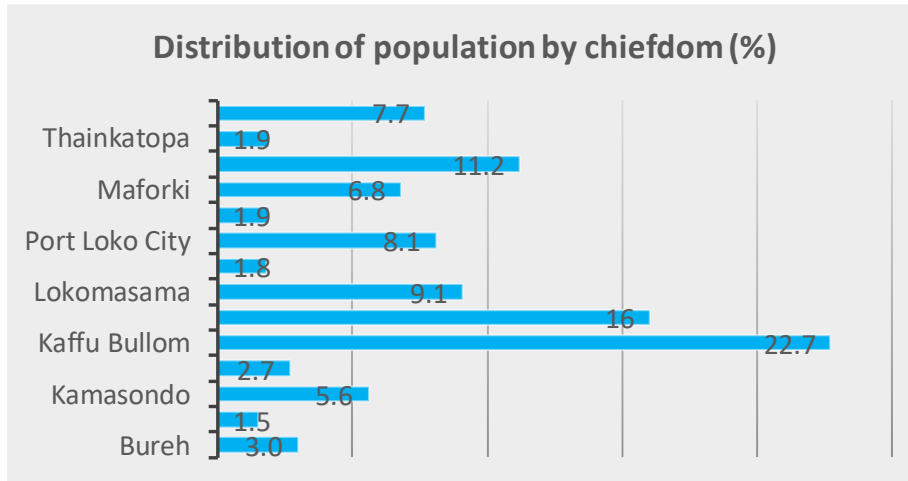
4.3.4 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	43.0
Primary School GER (%)	104.4
Junior secondary school GER (%)	78.7
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	34.9
Population with post-secondary education (%)	2.6

4.3.5 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture and mining	
Main crops produced: rice, oil palm, cassava, sweet potato	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	7.0
Labour force participation rate	0.68
Financial Institutions: 9 commercial banks and 1 community bank	
Operational post offices	3

4.3.6 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	59.9
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	70.9
Gini Coefficient	0.29

4.3.7 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.5
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	42.7
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	5.7
Life Expectancy at Birth	39.0

Generator	0.6
Solar	1.0
Battery/Rechargeable light	86.4

4.3.8 Health

Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	239
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	175
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	2.1
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	58.5
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	47.1

4.3.9 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	10
Number of wards	28
Registered voters	233,962
Share of country's registered voters	7.4
Number of female MPs	0
Number of female councilors	5

4.3.10 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	38.6
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	61.4
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	46.6

4.3.11 Law and Order

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.64
Hospitals	0.03
Doctors	0.09
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.3
Midwives	0.4
Community Health Officers and...	0.5

Number of magistrates	3
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	10

4.3.12 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	27.0
Upland rice	30.3
Cassava	31.1
Sweet potato	3.4
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.1
Coffee	0.5
Oil Palm	3.9
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	5.6
Storage	47.2
Rice Mills	47.4
Power Tillers	3.0

4.3.13 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
068	51,514	**072**	44,649	**076**	56,215
069	64,847	**073**	40,528	**077**	66,291
070	55,934	**074**	67,007		
071	40,843	**075**	43,037		

5.0 SOUTHERN REGION DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEETS

5.0.1 Map of the Southern Region

Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit
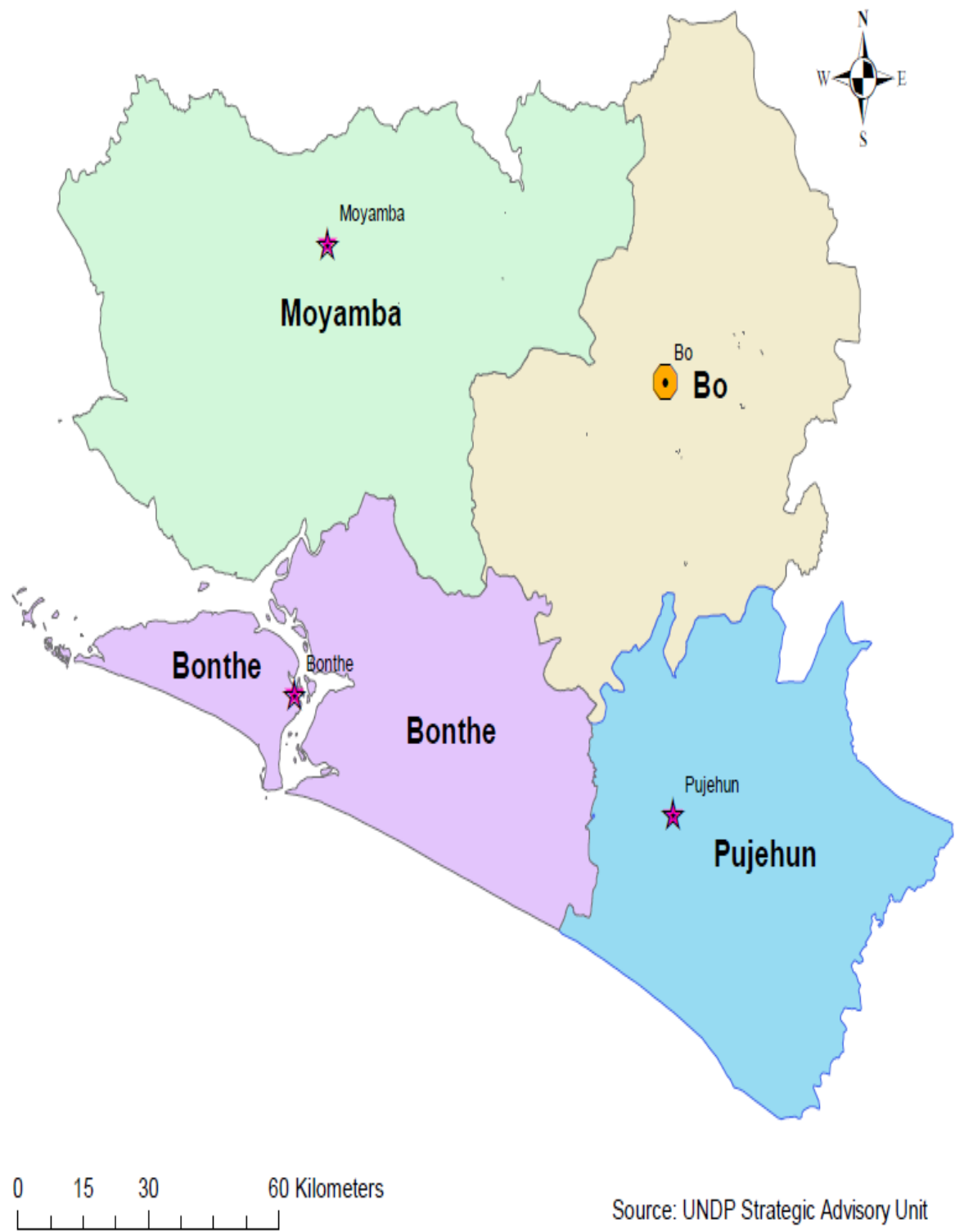
5.0.2 Demographic Information

Population	1,441,308
Population density (people per km²)	73.2
Contribution of district to national population (%)	20.3
Male Population (%)	48.7
Female population (%)	51.3
Youth population (%)	37.4
Disables (%)	1.6

Distribution of population by district (%)

District	Population
Pujehun	346,461
Moyamba	318,588
Bonthe	200,781
Bo	575,478
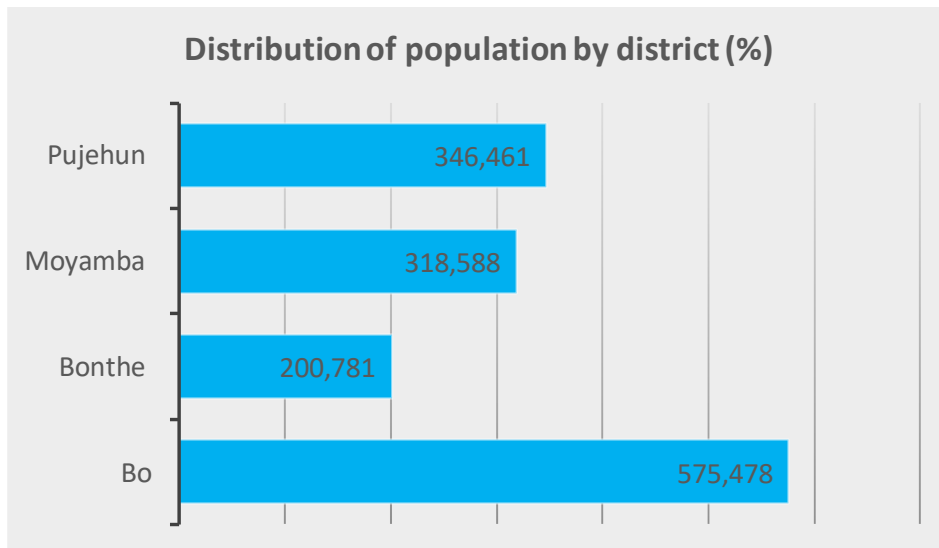
5.0.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	45.2
Primary school GER (%)	105.1
Junior secondary school GER (%)	90.3
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	50.8
Population with post-secondary education (%)	2.6

5.0.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture, fishing, mining	
Main crops produced: rice, groundnut, cassava, palm oil, cocoa	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	8.8
Labour force participation rate	0.66
Financial Institutions: 12 commercial banks and 4 community banks	

Operational post office	4

5.0.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	55.4
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	76.0
Gini Coefficient	0.34

5.0.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.5
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	46.1
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	0.2
Generator	0.6
Solar	0.5
Battery/Rechargeable light	91.4

5.0.7 Health

Life Expectancy at Birth	48.8
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	284
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	167
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	1.9
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	38.1
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	58.2

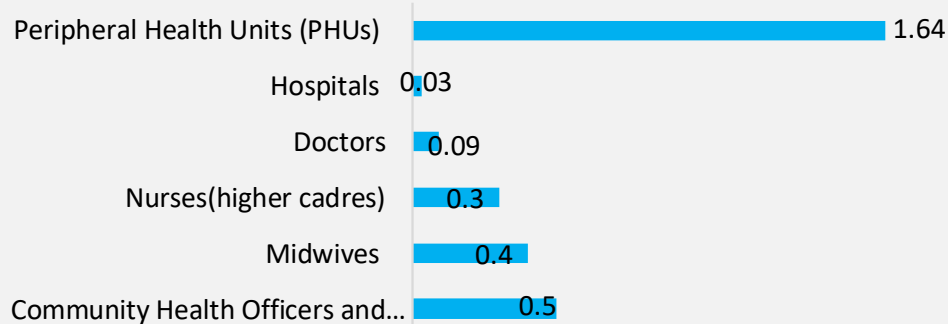**PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population**

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	2.5
Hospitals	0.05
Doctors	0.1
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.4
Midwives	0.4
Community Health Workers and Assitants	1.3
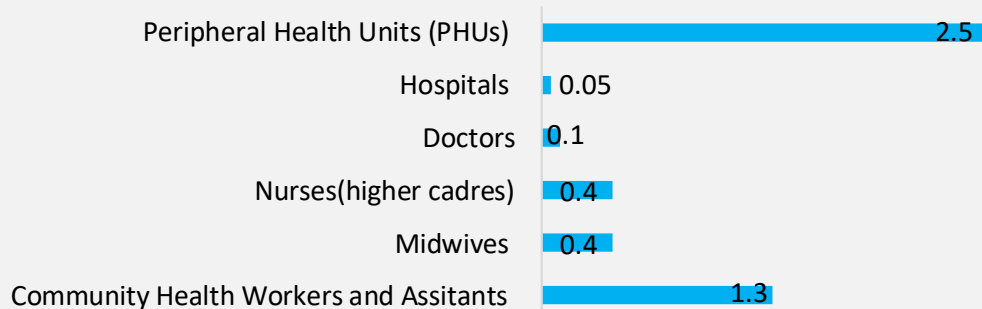
5.0.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	27
Number of wards	88
Registered voters	625,822
Share of country's registered voters	19.7
Number of female MPs	4
Number of female councilors	11

5.0.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	47.3
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	52.7
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	47.6

5.0.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	5
Number of judges	1
Number of police stations	15

5.0.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	19.1
Upland rice	72.6
Cassava	114.6
Sweet potato	4.4
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	3.0
Coffee	1.8
Oil Palm	28.2
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	7.7
Storage	44.6
Rice Mills	23.5
Power Tillers	7.0

5.1.0 BO DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

5.1.1 Constituencies in Bo Outside the Bo City
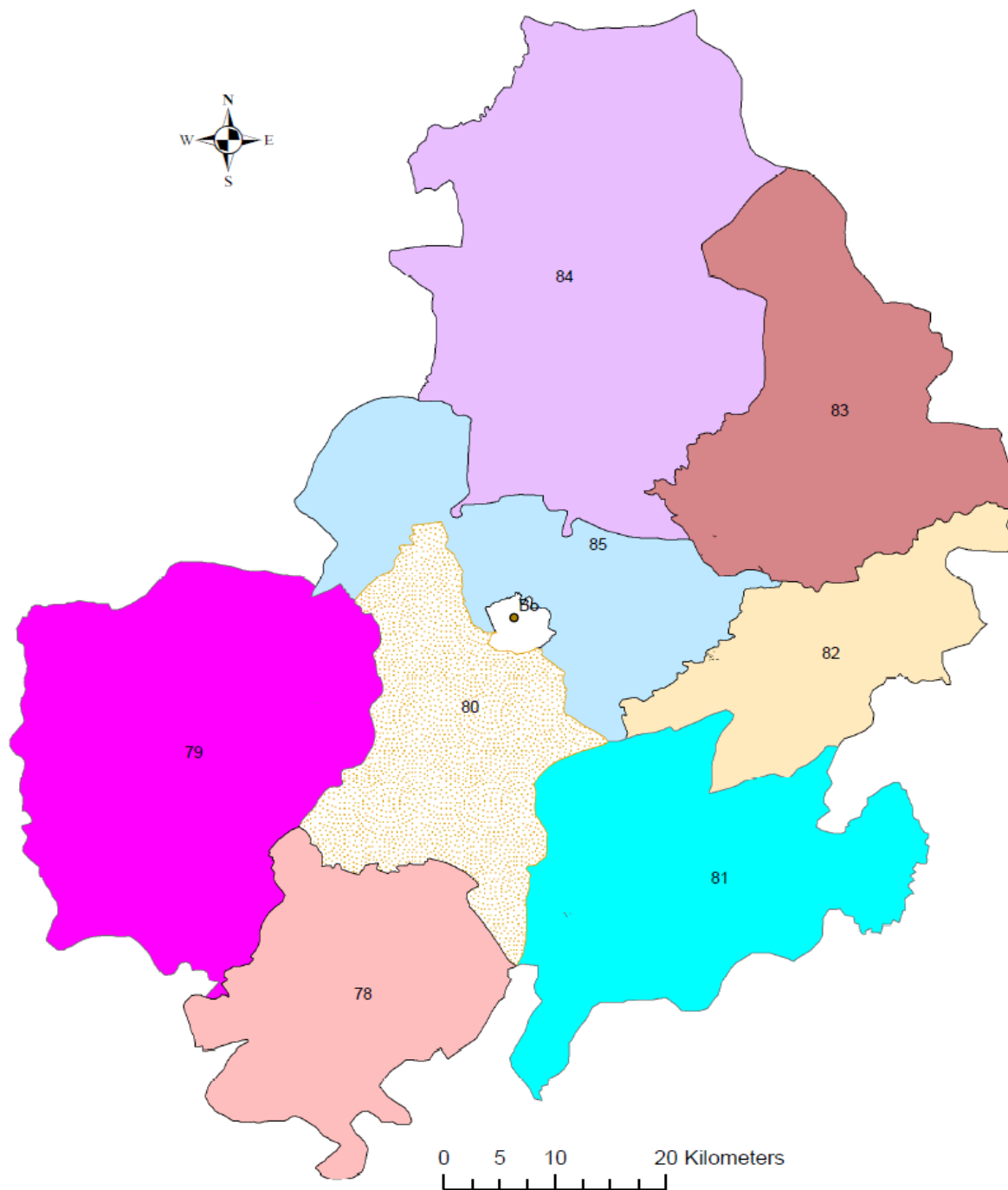
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

5.1.2 Constituencies in Bo District Within Bo City
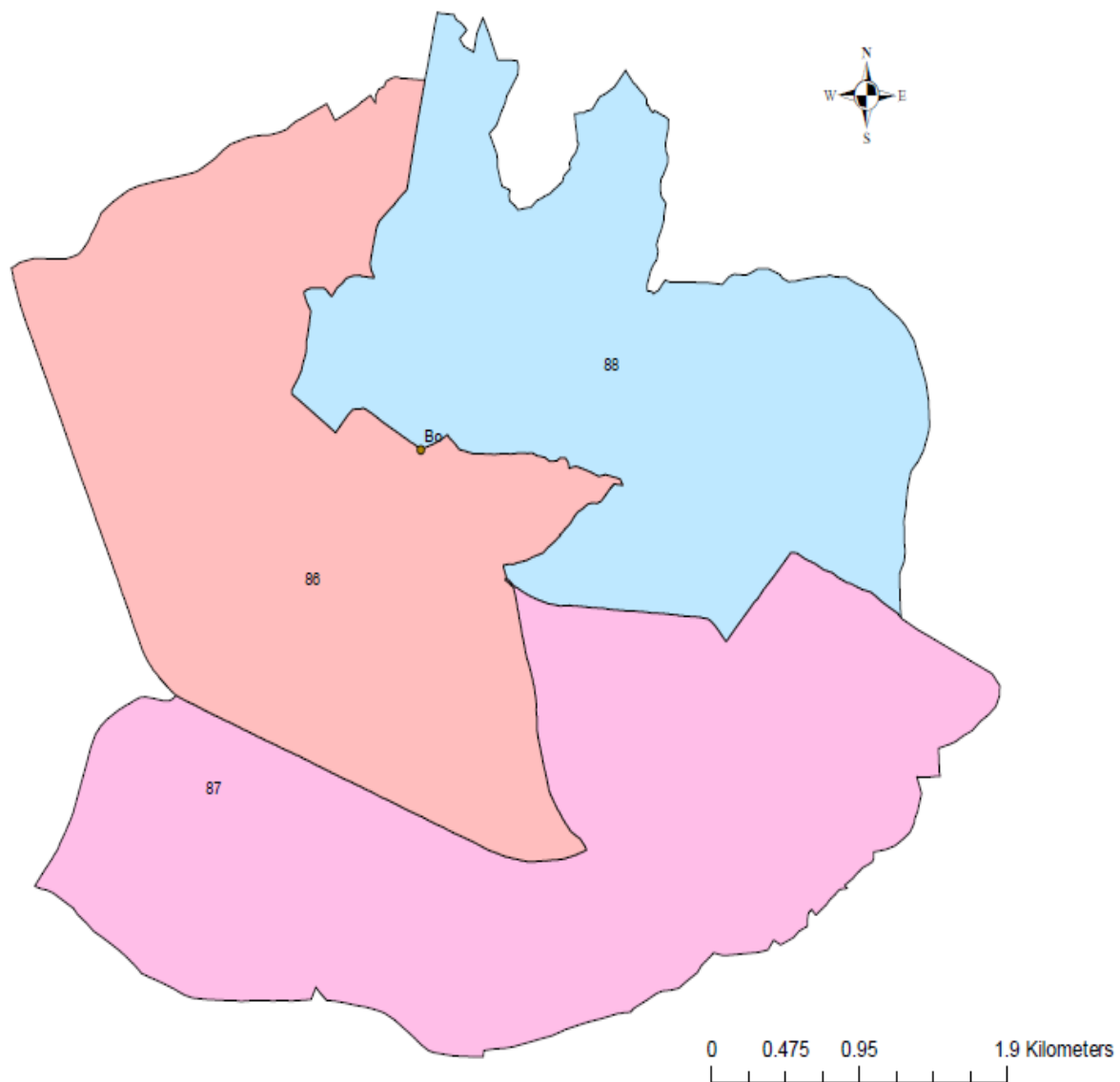
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

5.1.3 Demographic Information

Population	575,478
Population density (people per km²)	110.3
Contribution of district to national population (%)	8.1
Male Population (%)	48.75
Female population (%)	51.25
Youth population (%)	38.56
Disables (%)	1.63

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
Valunia	6.2
	9.2
Selenga	1.6
	2.4
Lugbu	4.4
	2.7
Kakua	8.9
	2.6
Gbo	0.9
	30.3
Wonde	2.7
	7.7
Bongor	2.8
	8.0
Bagbwe	3.6
	4.5
Badjia	1.4
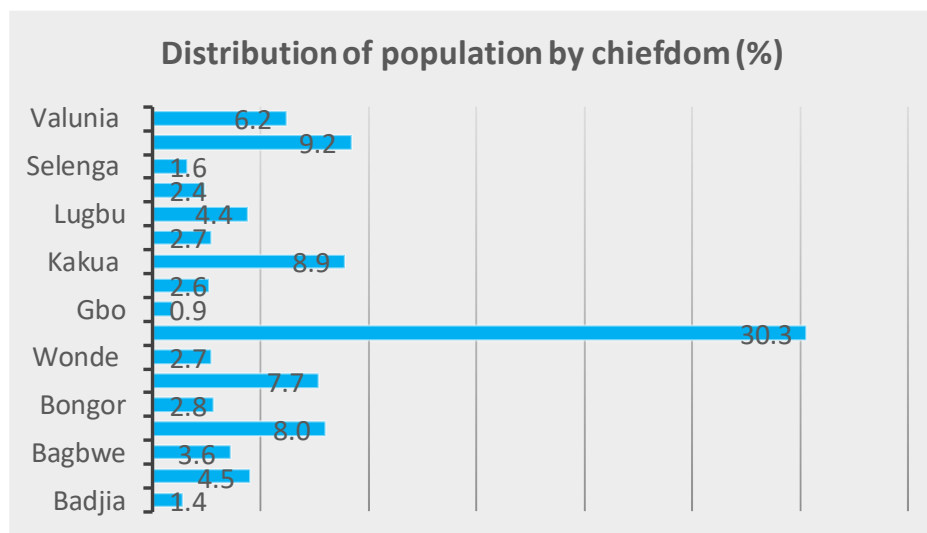
5.1.4 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	51.2
Primary School GER (%)	114.9
Junior secondary school GER (%)	95.2
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	47.6
Population with post-secondary education (%)	4.3

5.1.5 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture	
Main crops produced: rice, cassava, sweet potato, oil palm	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	
Labour force participation rate	0.62
Financial Institutions: 7 commercial banks and 1 community bank	
Operational post office	1

5.1.6 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	50.7
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	64.9
Gini Coefficient	0.33

5.1.7 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.8
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	64.9
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	15.1
Generator	0.8
Solar	0.6
Battery/Rechargeable light	81.1

5.1.8 Health

Life Expectancy at birth	49.4
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	243
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	173
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	4.0
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	39.7
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	58.7

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	2.15
Hospitals	0.02
Doctors	0.1
Nurses(higher cadres)	2.7
Midwives	0.5
Community Health Workers and Assitants	2.4
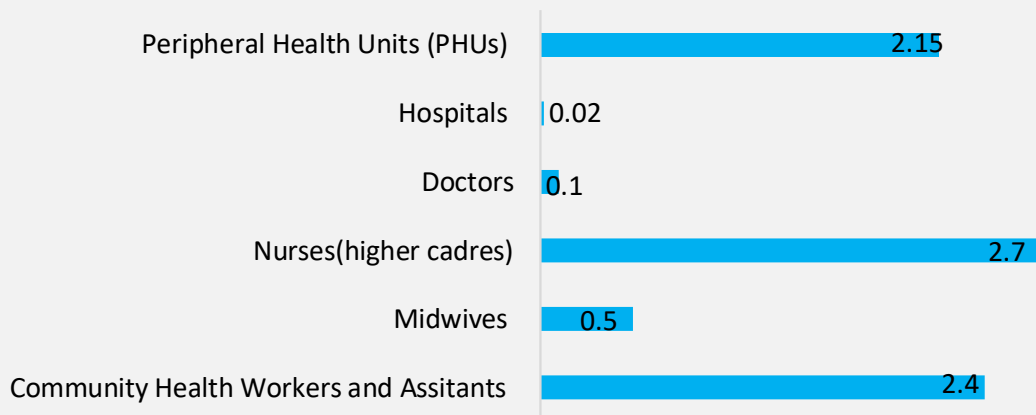
5.1.9 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	11
Number of wards	25
Registered voters	284,348
Share of country's registered voters	8.9
Number of female MPs	2
Number of female councilors	3

5.1.10 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	63.0
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	37.0
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	63.4

5.1.11 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	2
Number of judges	1
Number of police stations	4

5.1.12 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	3.4
Upland rice	30.1
Cassava	25.5
Sweet potato	1.1
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	1.7
Coffee	1.1
Oil Palm	16.9
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	4.5
Storage	54.2
Rice Mills	23.61
Power Tillers	5.5

5.1.13 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
078	51,259	082	45,784	086	62,642
079	44,128	083	44,690	087	53,758
080	52,915	084	58,570	088	58,965
081	46,525	085	57,238		

5.2 BONTHE DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

5.2.1 Constituencies in Bonthe District
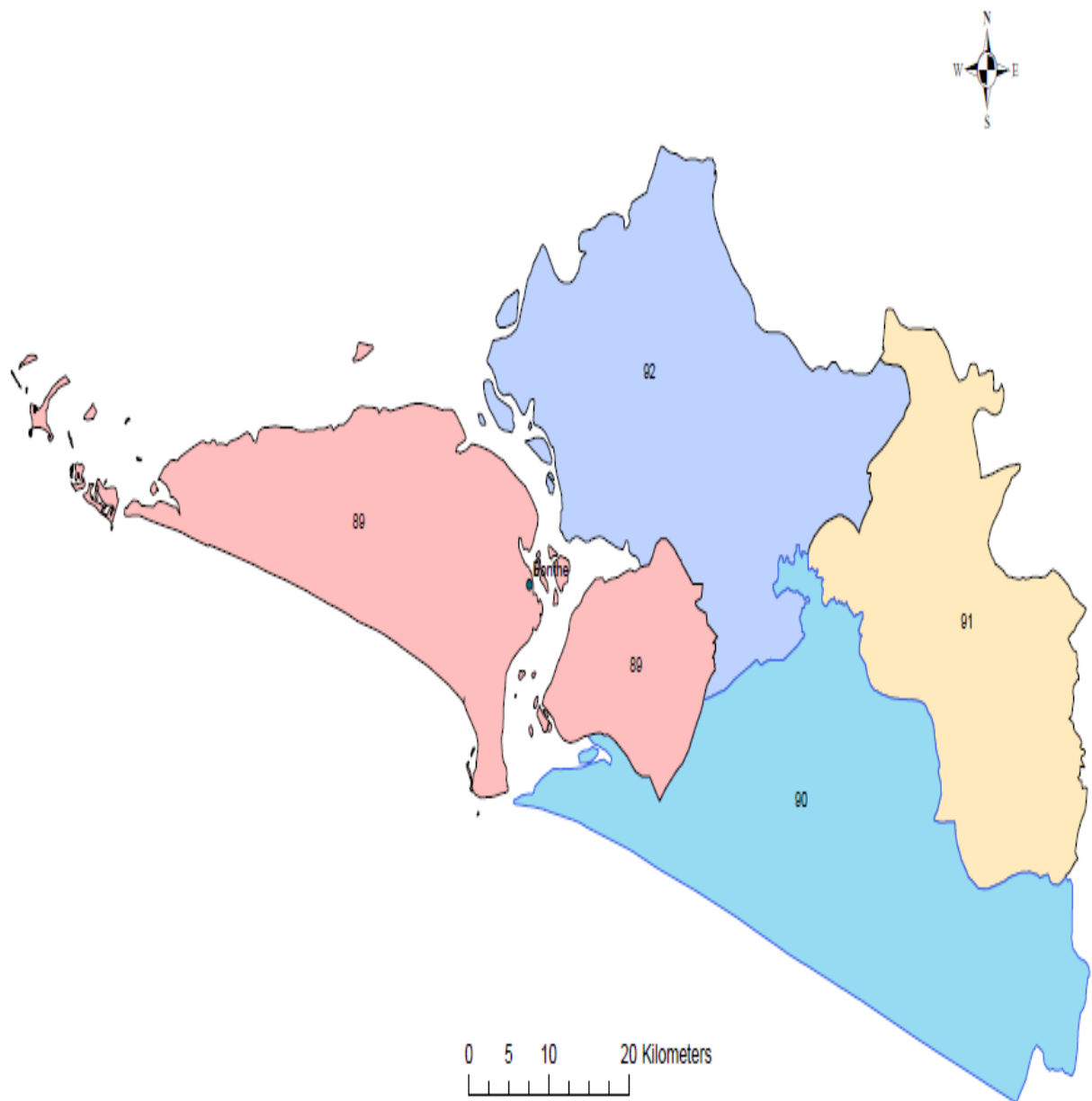
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

Demographic Information

Population	200,781
Population density (people per km²)	57.9
Contribution of district to national population (%)	2.8
Male Population (%)	49.31
Female population (%)	50.69
Youth population (%)	37.32
Disables (%)	1.36

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
Bonthe Urban	5.0
Yawbeko	3.8
Sogbeni	5.4
Sittia	10.6
Nongoba Bullom	10.0
Kwamebai Krim	7.1
Kpanda Kemo	5.2
Jong	16.8
Imperri	16.6
Dema	3.7
Bum	12.1
Bendu-Cha	3.6
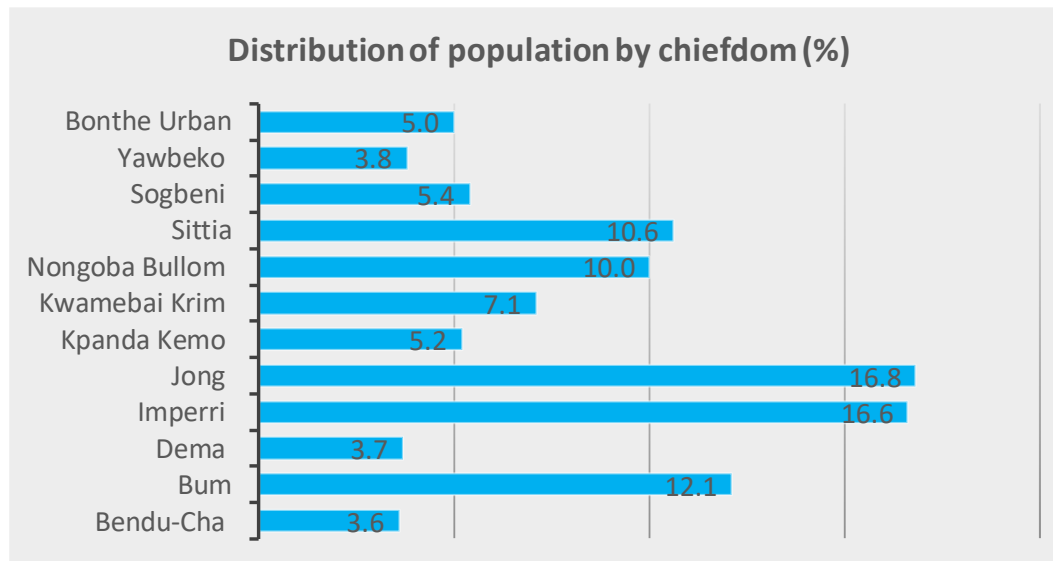
5.2.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	41.1
Primary School GER (%)	84.5
Junior secondary school GER (%)	82.5
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	33.3
Population with post-secondary education (%)	2.6

5.2.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture, fishing	
Main crops produced: cassava, rice, cocoa, oil palm	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	7.8
Labour force participation rate	0.66
Financial Institutions: 1 community bank	
Operational post office	1

5.2.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	51.4
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	82.5
Gini Coefficient	0.3

5.2.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.3
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	37.3
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	0.02
Generator	0.7
Solar	0.4
Battery/Rechargeable light	95.9

5.2.7 Health

Life Expectancy at birth	54.4
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	531
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	77
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	1.4
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	26.1
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	60.4

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	2.65
Hospitals	0.1
Doctors	0.19
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.2
Midwives	0.3
Community Health Officers and...	1.0

5.2.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	4
Number of wards	18
Registered voters	92,183
Share of country's registered voters	2.9
Number of female MPs	1
Number of female councilors	5

5.2.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	47.1
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	53
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	50.2

5.2.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	2

5.2.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	3.8
Upland rice	2.4
Cassava	28.3
Sweet potato	0.7
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	1.2
Coffee	0.6
Oil Palm	7.1
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	18.4
Storage	33.3
Rice Mills	14.1
Power Tillers	12.7

5.2.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
89	46,001	**91**	50,052		
90	42,276	**92**	63,536		

5.3.0 MOYAMBA DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

5.3.1 Constituencies in Moyamba District
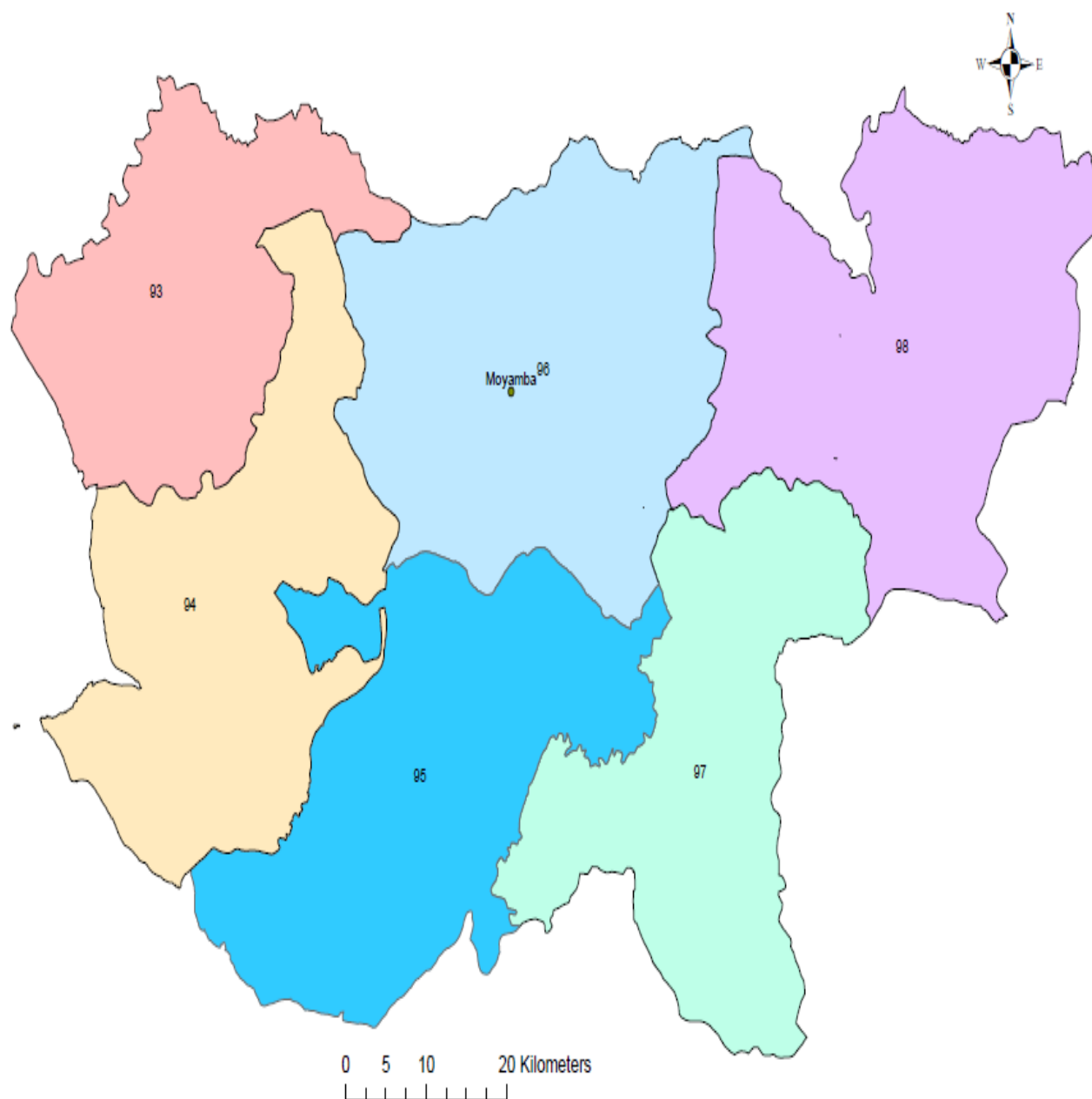
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

5.3.2 Demographic Information

Population	318,588
Population density (people per km²)	46.2
Contribution of district to national population (%)	4.5
Male Population (%)	48.2
Female population (%)	51.8
Youth population (%)	33.9
Disables (%)	1.8

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
Upper Banta	3.3
Timdale	3.2
Ribbi	10.4
Lower Banta	11.7
Kowa	3.1
Kori	9.6
Kongbora	3.2
Kamajei	3.2
Kaiyamba	8.1
Kagboro	10.9
Fakunya	8.7
Dasse	4.1
Bumpeh	11.8
Bagruwa	8.7
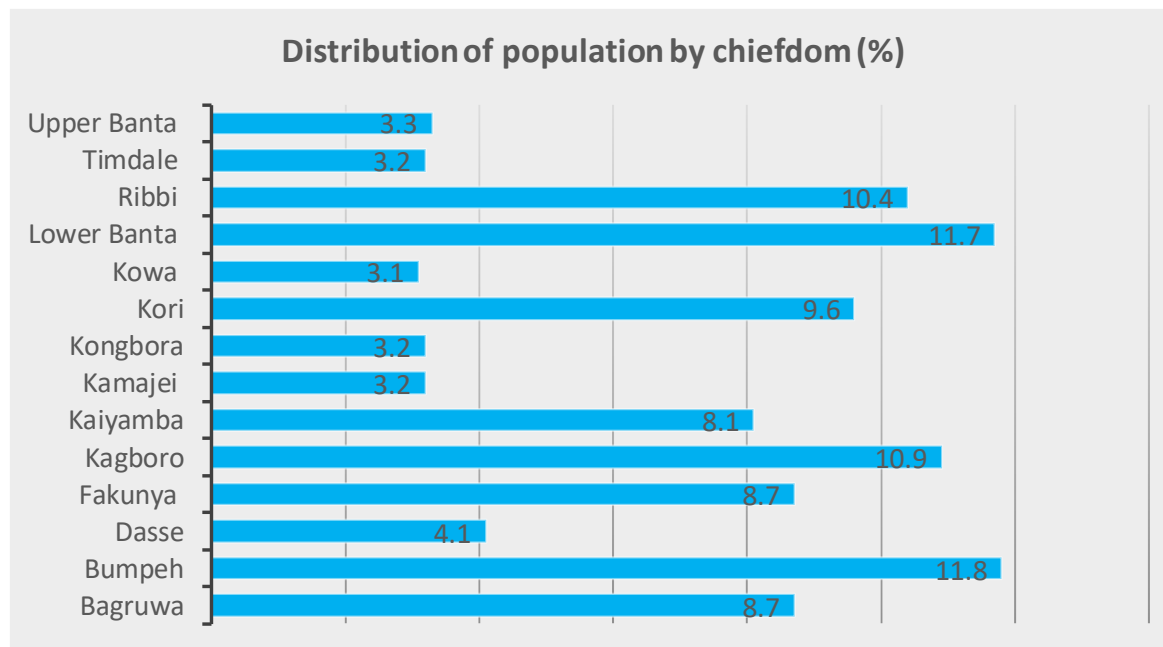
5.3.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	40.1
Primary School GER (%)	105.2
Junior secondary school GER (%)	69.5
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	24.0
Population with post-secondary education (%)	1.9

5.3.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture, fishing, mining	
Main crops produced: rice, cassava, oil palm	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	5.8
Labour force participation rate	0.74

Financial Institutions:	4 commercial banks
and 1 community bank	
Operational post office	1

5.3.5 Poverty

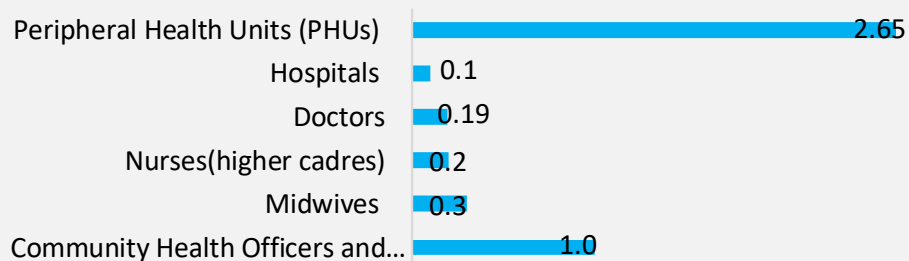| Income poverty (%)	70.8
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	83.7
Gini Coefficient	0.25

5.3.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.3
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	34.4
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	0.1
Generator	0.7
Solar	0.4
Battery/Rechargeable light	93.6

5.3.7 Health

Life Expectancy at birth	44.3
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	207
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	199
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	1.4
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	39.9
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	50.6

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	3.05
Hospitals	0.03
Doctors	0.12
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.4
Midwives	0.5
Community Health Officers and Assistants	1.0
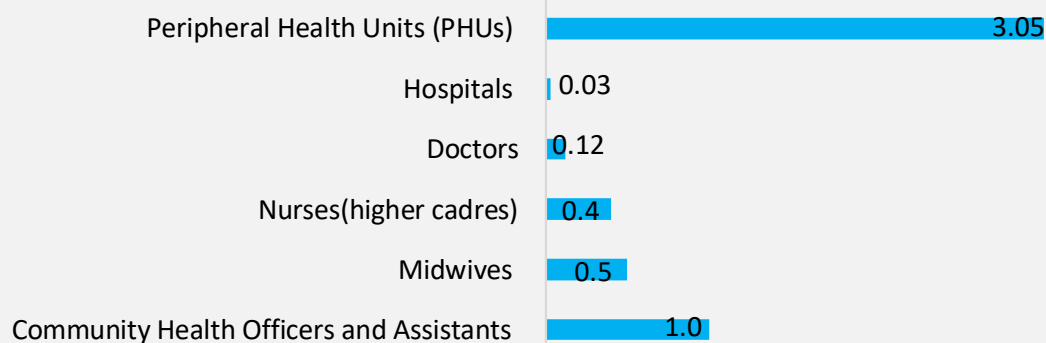
5.3.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	6
Number of wards	22
Registered voters	147,041
Share of country's registered voters	4.6
Number of female MPs	1
Number of female councilors	3

5.3.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	47.8
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	52
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	42.4

5.3.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	6

5.3.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	6.0
Upland rice	19.1
Cassava	26.4
Sweet potato	1.7
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.01
Coffee	
Oil Palm	2.8
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	4.1
Storage	43.3
Rice Mills	24.9
Power Tillers	4.1

5.3.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
093	43,620	**095**	40,427	**097**	61,047
094	59,340	**096**	63,723	**098**	50,431

5.4.0 PUJEHUN DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

5.4.1 Constituencies in Pujehun District
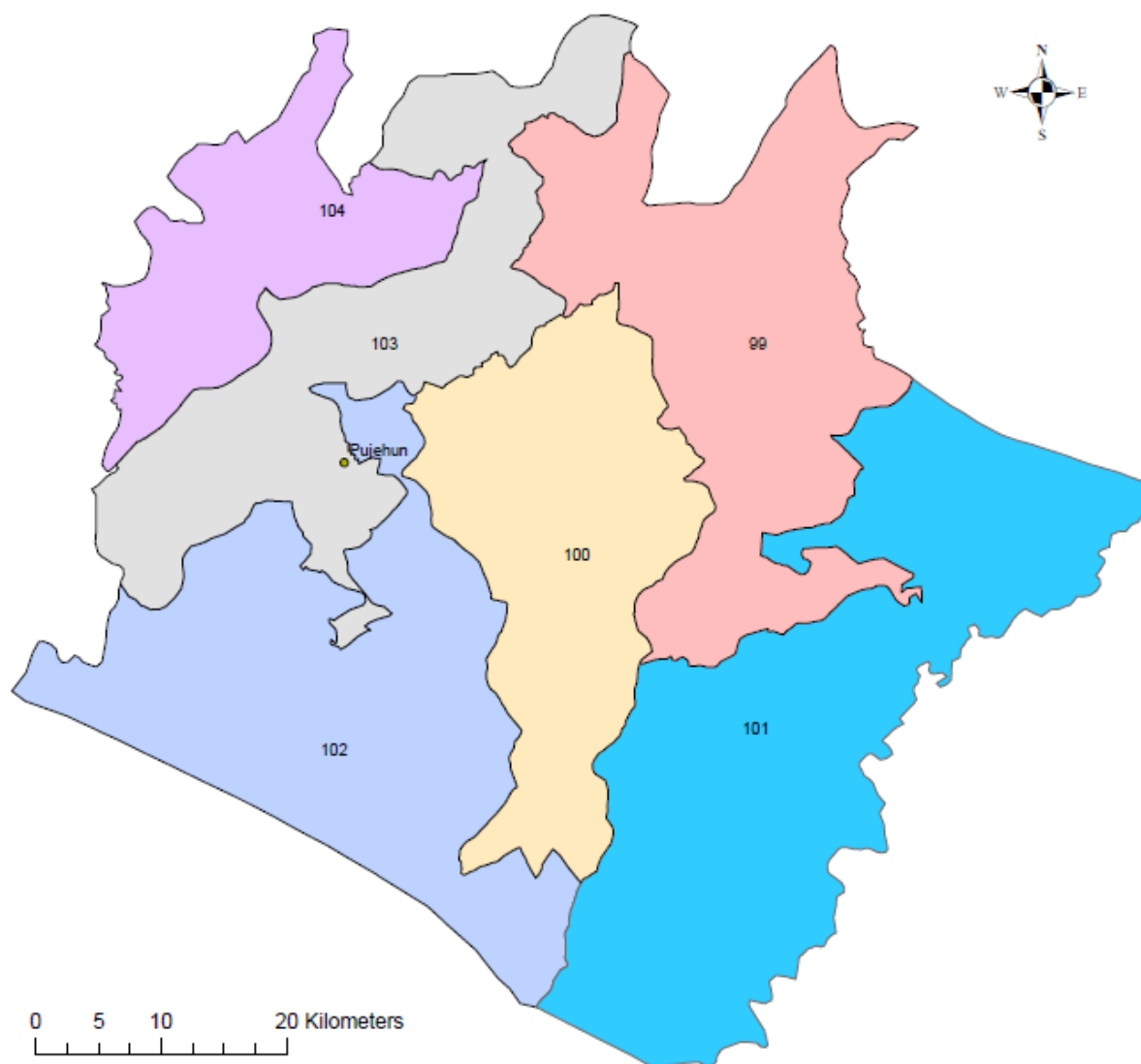
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

5.4.2 Demographic Information

Population	346,461
Population density (people per km²)	84.4
Contribution of district to national population (%)	4.9
Male Population (%)	48.7
Female population (%)	51.3
Youth population (%)	38.9
Disables (%)	1.4

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

Chiefdom	%
	4.0
Sowa	4.9
	12.2
Pejeh (Futa Peje)	3.9
	9.1
Panga Krim	2.6
	13.2
Mano Sakrim	3.7
	14.2
Makpele	9.0
	1.0
Kpaka	4.8
	6.7
Barri	10.7
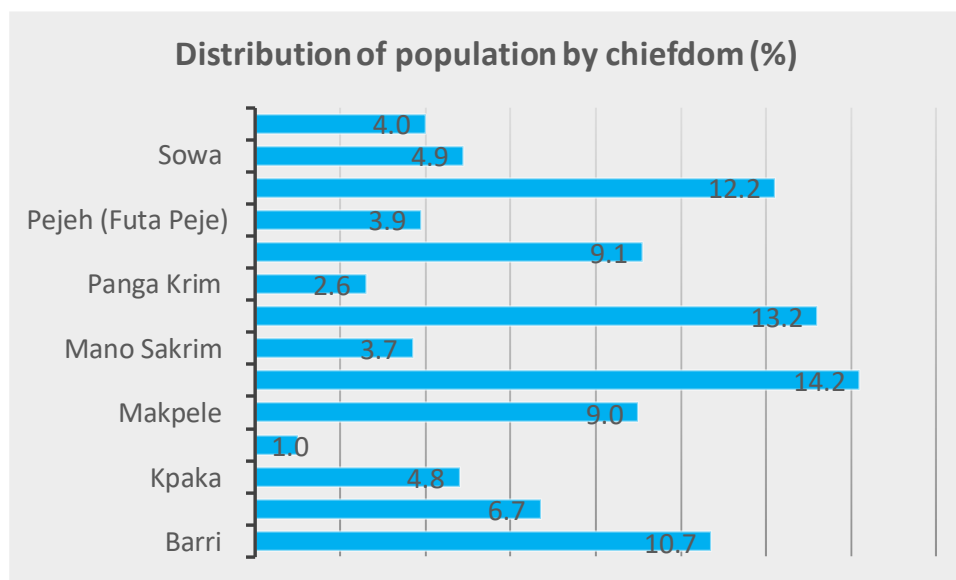
5.4.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	42.3
Primary School GER (%)	101.7
Junior secondary school GER (%)	103.3
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	27.0
Population with post-secondary education (%)	1.7

5.4.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: agriculture	
Main crops produced: rice, groundnut, cassava, oil palm	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	11.2
Labour force participation rate	0.63
Financial Institutions: 1 commercial bank and 1 community bank	
Operational post office	1

5.4.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	54.1
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	87.2
Gini Coefficient	0.4

5.4.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	0.4
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	47.7
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	0.02
Generator	0.7
Solar	0.6
Battery/Rechargeable light	94.9

5.4.7 Health

Life Expectancy at Birth	49.4
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	156
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	217
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	0.8
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	46.8
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	63.2

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population
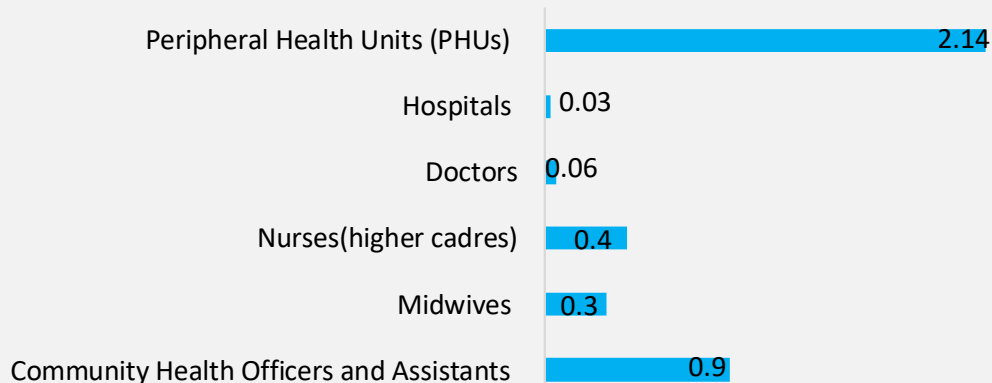
Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	2.14
Hospitals	0.03
Doctors	0.06
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.4
Midwives	0.3
Community Health Officers and Assistants	0.9

Number of constituencies	6
Number of wards	23
Registered voters	101,250
Share of country's registered voters	3.2
Number of female MPs	0
Number of female councilors	0

5.4.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	31.4
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	68.7
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	34.3

5.4.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	3

5.4.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	5.9
Upland rice	20.9
Cassava	34.3
Sweet potato	0.9
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.05
Coffee	0.03
Oil Palm	1.4
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	3.8
Storage	47.5
Rice Mills	31.2
Power Tillers	5.7

5.4.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
99	58,382	**101**	66,215	**103**	56,849
100	54,691	**102**	52,154	**104**	58,170

6.0 WESTERN AREA REGION DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEETS

Western Area Urb

Freetown

Western Area Urb

N
W   E
S

Waterloo

Western Area Rur
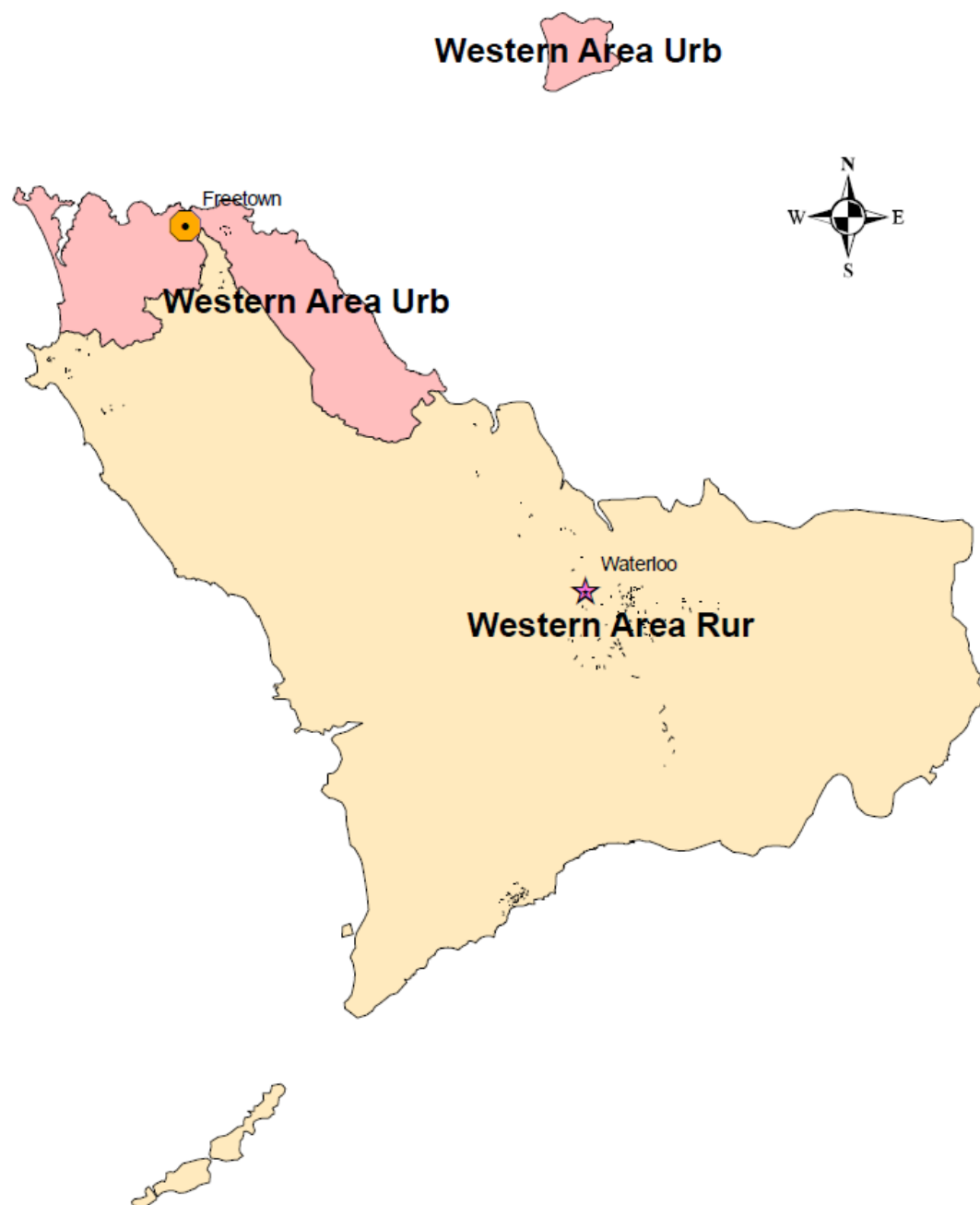
0   2.75   5.5   11 Kilometers

Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

6.0.1 Demographic Information

Population	1,500,234
Population density (people per km²)	2,693.4
Contribution of region to national population (%)	21.2
Male Population (%)	49.96
Female population (%)	50.04
Youth population (%)	45.59
Disables (%)	0.8

Distribution of population by district (%)

Western Area Urban — 1,055,964

Western Area Rural — 444,270
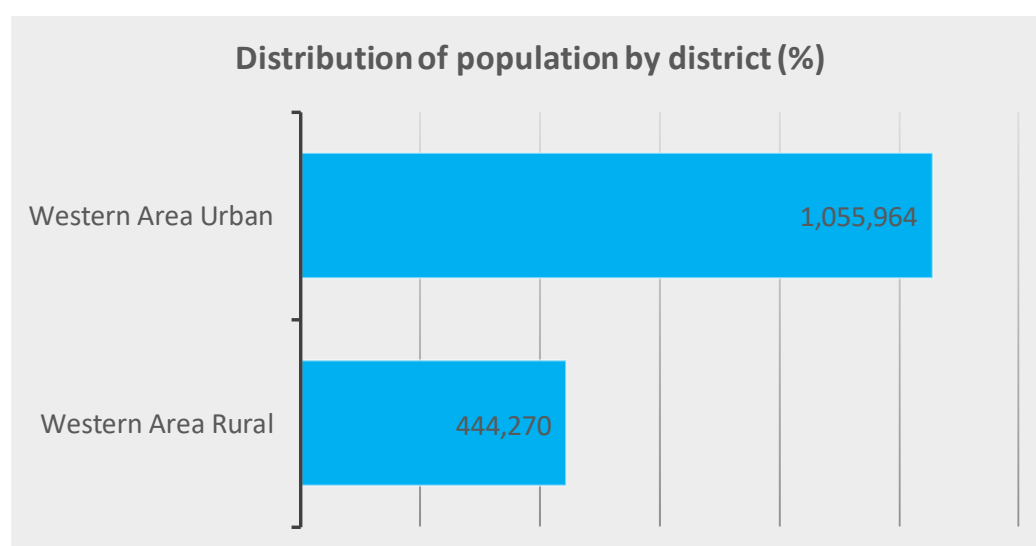
6.0.2 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	74.5
Primary School GER (%)	120.35
Junior secondary school GER (%)	105.3
Senior secondary school GER (%)	120.0
Population with post-secondary education (%)	8.4

6.0.3 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: trade, services, manufacturing, construction, processing, fishing, agriculture	
Main crops produced: cassava, sweet potato	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	23.7
Labour force participation rate	0.7

Financial Institutions:	
51 commercial banks	
Operational post offices	9

6.0.4 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	28.0
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	36.2
Gini Coefficient	0.29

6.0.5 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	3.7
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	78.8
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	40.0
Generator	2.2
Solar	0.9
Battery/Rechargeable light	54.2

Life Expectancy at Birth	56.5
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	542
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	164
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	5.4
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	21.0
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	54.2

6.0.6 Health

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	0.7
Hospitals	0.1
Doctors	0.7
Nurses(higher cadres)	1.6
Midwives	0.7
Community Health Officers and…	0.8
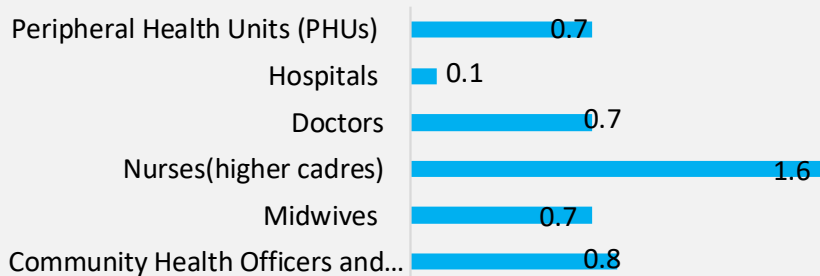
6.0.7 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	28
Number of wards	75
Registered voters	889,297
Share of country's registered voters	28.0
Number of female MPs	5
Number of female councilors	23

6.0.8 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	73.1
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	26.9
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	62.2

6.0.9 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	14
Number of judges	29
Number of police stations	20

6.0.10 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	0.5
Upland rice	0.9
Cassava	2.5
Sweet potato	1.4
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.0
Coffee	0.0
Oil Palm	0.1
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	5.8
Storage	58.5
Rice Mills	10.1
Power Tillers	0.04

6.1.0 WESTERN AREA RURAL DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

6.1.1 Constituencies in Western Area Rural District
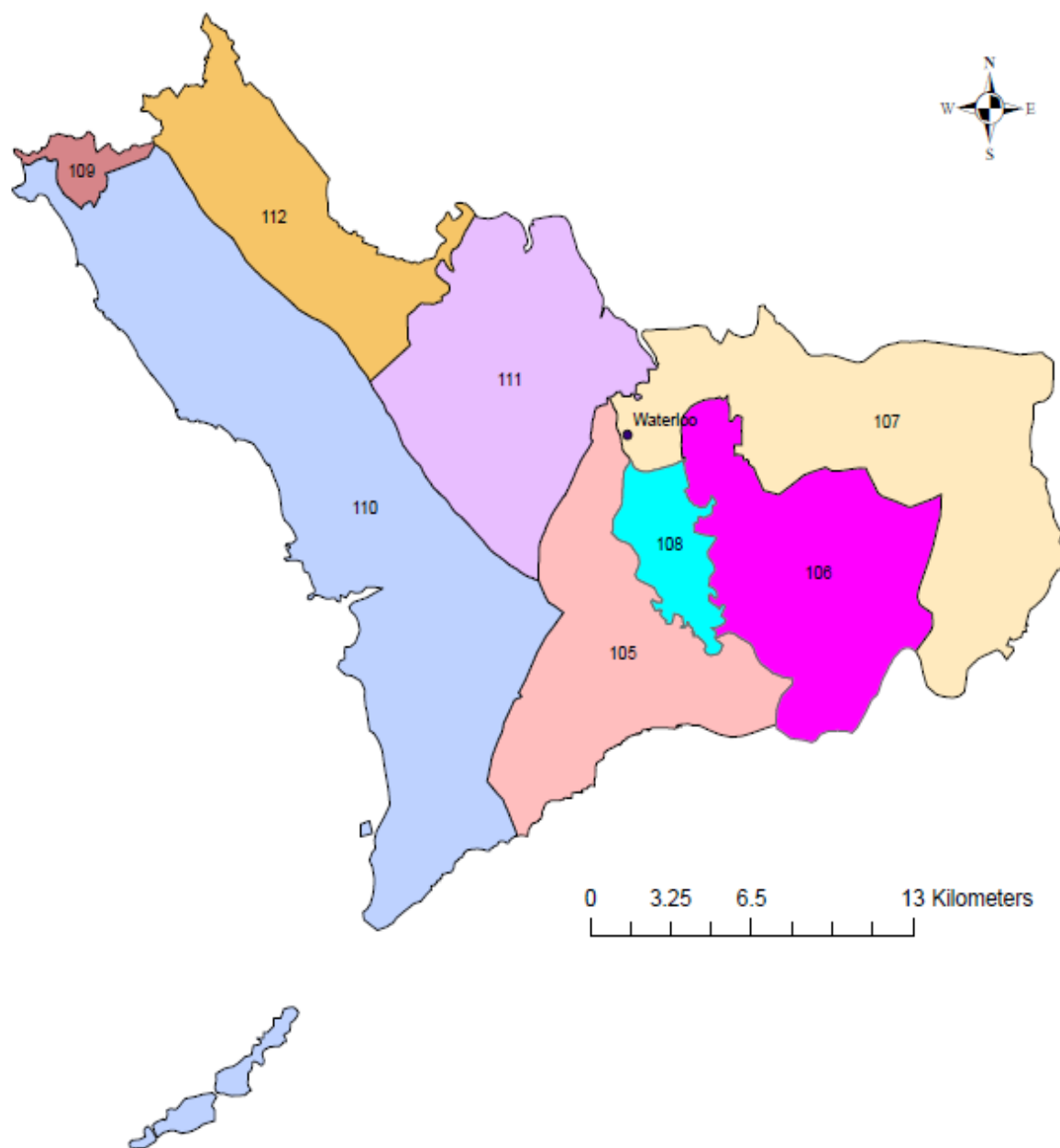
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

Demographic Information

Population	444,270
Population density (people per km²)	816.7
Contribution of district to national population (%)	6.3
Male Population (%)	49.82
Female population (%)	50.18
Youth population (%)	43.22
Disables (%)	0.93

Distribution of population by chiefdom (%)

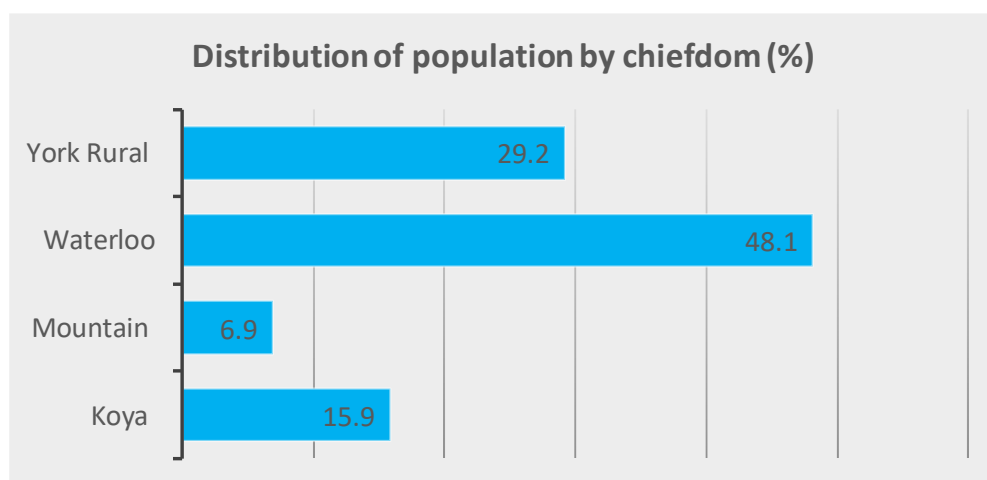| Chiefdom	%
York Rural	29.2
Waterloo	48.1
Mountain	6.9
Koya	15.9

6.1.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	66.2
Primary School GER (%)	118.8
Junior secondary school GER (%)	95.9
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	66.0
Population with post-secondary education (%)	5.9

6.1.3 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activity: agriculture, fishing, livestock farming, trade	
Main crops produced: rice, sweet potato, cassava, oil palm	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	17.4
Labour force participation rate	0.61
Financial Institutions: 3 commercial banks	
Operational post offices	1

6.1.4 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	57.1
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	53.0

Gini Coefficient	0.28

6.1.5 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	2.3
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	77.6
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	13.0
Generator	3.2
Solar	1.1
Battery/Rechargeable light	79.5

6.1.6 Health

Life Expectancy at birth	44.9
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	542
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	176
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	4.0
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	34.9
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	55.2

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	1.01
Hospitals	0.06
Doctors	0.25
Nurses(higher cadres)	0.4
Midwives	0.3
Community Health Officers and Assistants	0.6
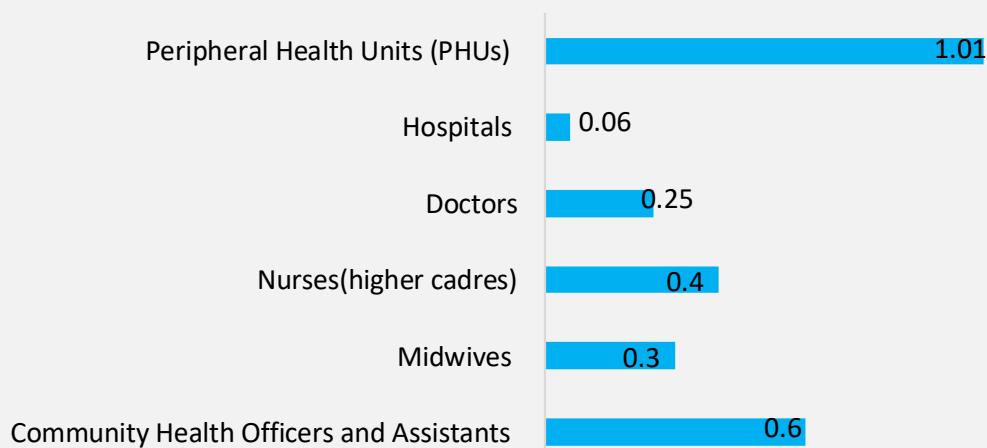
6.1.7 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	8
Number of wards	27
Registered voters	282,358
Share of country's registered voters	8.9
Number of female MPs	2
Number of female councilors	3

6.1.8 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	58.4
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	41.5
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	48.8

6.1.9 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	1
Number of judges	0
Number of police stations	6

6.1.10 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	0.5
Upland rice	0.8
Cassava	2.4
Sweet potato	1.3
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.0
Coffee	0.0
Oil Palm	0.08
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	6.7
Storage	53.0
Rice Mills	13.6
Power Tillers	0.04

6.1.11 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
105	61,794	**108**	51,514	**111**	59,891
106	51,364	**109**	41,621	**112**	67,047
107	56,829	**110**	54,210		

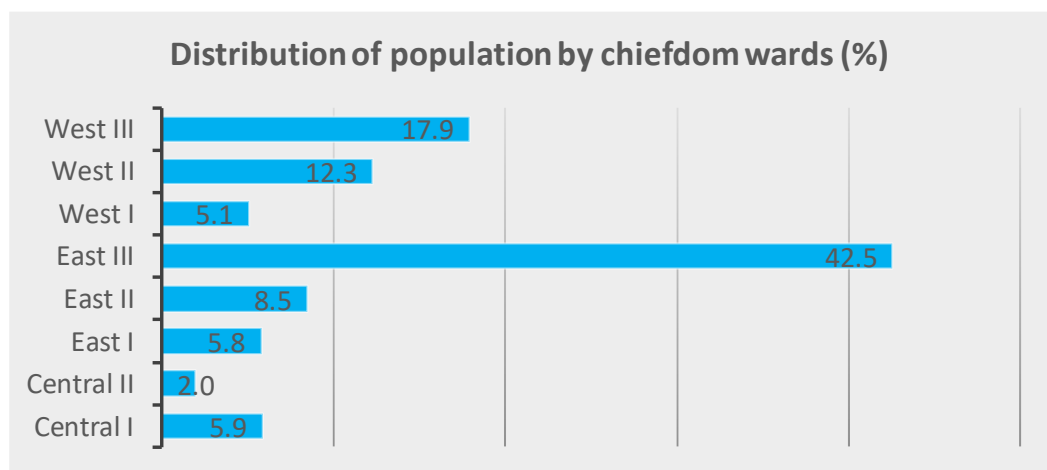## 6.2.0 WESTERN AREA URBAN DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT FACT SHEET

6.2.1 Constituencies in Western Area Urban District
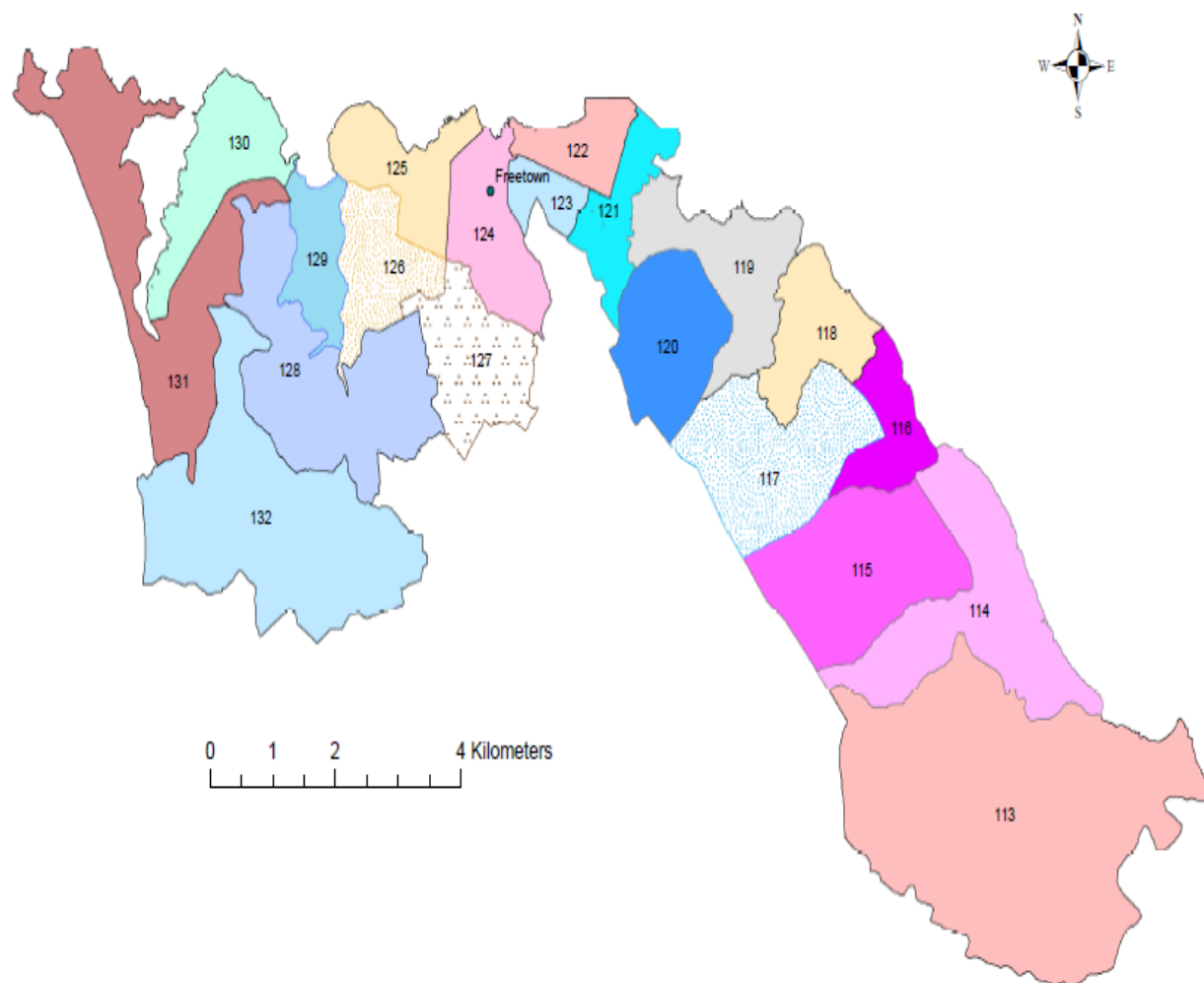
Source: UNDP Strategic Advisory Unit

6.2.2 Demographic Information

Population	1,055,964
Population density (people per km²)	12,959.8
Contribution of district to national population (%)	14.9
Male Population (%)	50.02
Female population (%)	49.98
Youth population (%)	46.59
Disables (%)	0.74

Distribution of population by chiefdom wards (%)

Ward	%
West III	17.9
West II	12.3
West I	5.1
East III	42.5
East II	8.5
East I	5.8
Central II	2.0
Central I	5.9

6.2.3 Education and Literacy

Literacy rate (%)	77.8
Primary School GER (%)	121.9
Junior secondary school GER (%)	109.0
Senior Secondary School GER (%)	92.2
Population with post-secondary education (%)	10.9

6.2.4 Economic Characteristics

Major economic activities: trading, services, manufacturing, processing, construction	
Main crops produced: rice, cassava	
Paid employment-to-population ratio	30.1
Labour force participation rate	0.73
Financial Institutions: 48 commercial banks	
Operational post offices	8

6.2.5 Poverty

Income poverty (%)	20.7
Multidimensional poverty index (%)	28.5
Gini Coefficient	0.27

6.2.6 Access to Basic Services by Households

HHs with access to clean fuel for cooking (%)	5.1
HHs with access to improved drinking water (%)	80.0
HHs by principal source of lighting (%)	
NPA/BKPS	67.0
Generator	1.2
Solar	0.6
Battery/Rechargeable light	28.8

6.2.7 Health

Life Expectancy at birth	63.2
Maternal mortality (per 100,000 live births)	542
Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)	152
Prevalence of HIV in adults receiving counselling and testing (%)	6.7
Prevalence of malaria in under-fives using microscopy (%)	6.3
Children under five years with full immunization status (%)	53.2

PHUs, hospitals and health workers per 10,000 population

Peripheral Health Units (PHUs)	0.34
Hospitals	0.1
Doctors	1.07
Nurses(higher cadres)	2.7
Midwives	1.0
Community Health Officers and…	0.9
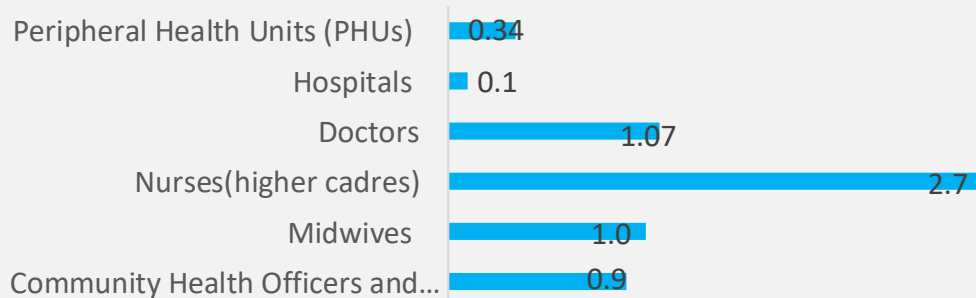
6.2.8 Electoral Statistics

Number of constituencies	20
Number of wards	48
Registered voters	606,939
Share of country's registered voters	19.1
Number of female MPs	3
Number of female councilors	20

6.2.9 Food Security

Prevalence of food security (%)	87.8
Prevalence of food insecurity (%)	12.3
Households with acceptable food consumption (%)	75.5

6.2.10 Law and Order

Number of magistrates	13
Number of judges	29
Number of police stations	14

6.2.11 Agriculture

Major food crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Lowland rice	0.04
Upland rice	0.1
Cassava	0.1
Sweet potato	0.1
Major tree crops produced in millions of (kg)	
Cocoa	0.0
Coffee	0.0
Oil Palm	0.05
No. of agricultural HHs with access to assets and machinery (%)	
Tractors	4.8
Storage	63.9
Rice Mills	6.5
Power Tillers	0.03

6.2.12 Population by Constituency

Const.	Population	Const.	Population	Const.	Population
113	66,490	**120**	49,365	**127**	49,784

114	63,703	**121**	47,028	**128**	52,394
115	48,811	**122**	60,510	**129**	40,735
116	54,326	**123**	43,236	**130**	42,829
117	51,266	**124**	62,499	**131**	40,743
118	53,670	**125**	53,906	**132**	65,301
119	60,941	**126**	48,427		

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